Vol. XXXV. No. 4948. 號七十月五年九十七百八千一英



1845.

HONGKONG, SATURDAY, MAY 17, 1879.

"Hongkong Evening Mail and Shipping List." Published every Evening. With which is incorporated

AGENTS FOR THE CHINA MAIL.

LONDON:-F. ALGAR, 8, Clement's Lune, Lombard Street. GROBGE STREET & Co., 80, Cornhill. Gondon & Gotton, Ludgate Oirous, E. C. BATES, HENDY & Co., 4, Old Jesery, E.C. SAMUEL DEACON & Co., 180 & 184, Leadenhall

PARIS AND EUROPE :- LEON DE ROSNY, 19, Rue Monsieur, Paris.

NEW YORK:-ANDREW WIND, 188, Nateau Street. AUSTRALIA, TASMANIA, AND NEW ZRALAND :-- GORDON & GOTCH, Mel-

bourne and Sydney. BAN FRANCISCO and American Ports generally :- Bran & Brack, San Fran-

SINGAPORE AND STRAITS:-SAYLE & Co., Square, Singapore. C. Heinszen

& Co., Manila. CHINA:-Macao, Messre A. A. DE MELLO & Co. Sugion, CAMPBELL & Co. WILSON, NICHOLIS & Co. Amoy, Koochow, BEDGE & Co. Shanghas. Lane, Crawford & Co., and Kully & WALSH, Yokohama, LAME, CRAW-FORD & Co.

Banks.

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

PAID-UP CAPITAL, 5,000,000 Dollars. RESERVE FUND,......1,300,000 Dollars.

COURT OF DIRECTORS. Chairman-W. H. FORBES, Esq. Deputy Chairman-Hon. W. KESWICK. E.R. BELILIOS, Esq. | WILHELM REINERS. L. DALRYMPLE, F. D. SABSOON, Esq.

W. S. Young, Eig. H. Hoppius, Esq. A. McIver, Esq.

CHIEF MANAGER.

Hongkong, THOMAS JACKSON, Esq. MANAGER.

Shanghai, Ewen Cameron, Esq. LONDON BANKERS. - London and County

HONGKONG. INTEREST ALLOWED. N Current Deposit Account at the rate

of 2 per cent, per annum on the daily DAIATICO. For Fixed Deposits :--

For 3 months, 3 per cent. per annum.

4 per cent. ,, ,, 5 per cent. ,, ,,

LOCAL BILLS DISCOUNTED.

Credits granted on approved Securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

chief Commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China and Japan. T. JACKSON.

Chief Manager, Offices of the Corporation, No. 1, Queen's Road East.

Hongkong, February 15, 1879.

ORIENTAL BANK CORPORATION,

(Incorporated by Royal Charter.)

DATES of Interest Allowed on Fixed DEPOSITS.

At 8 months' notice 3% per Annum. 99 ***********29****

On Current Accounts at Rates which can be ascertained at their Office. D. A. J. OROMBIE,

Acting Manager. Oriental Bank Corporation, Hongkong, November 23, 1878.

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUS-TRALIA, AND CHINA.

Bankers.

THE BANK OF ENGLAND. THE CITY BANK.

THE

NATIONAL BANK OF SCOTLAND.

THE BANK'S BRANCH in HONGKONG grants Drafts on London and the Uniof Commercial places in Lurope and the East; buys and receives for collection Bills of hyphange, and conducts all kinds of passed the Day. Banking and Exchange Business.

RATES OF INTEREST ALLOWED ON DE-POSITS.

On CURRENT ACCOUNTS, 2 per cent, per annum on the daily belance.

ON FIXED DEPOSITS. For 3 months, 3 per cent, per annum. 4 per cent. 5 per cent.

For sale.

FOR SALE. RIMMEL'S TROPICAL FLOWER WATER.

L Similar Preparation

Sole Agents for China. Hongkong, February 19, 1879.

VOGEL & Co.,

FOR SALE.

THE British IRON Barque "BEN-CLUTHA," 997 Tons Register, as she now lies at anchor in Cherco Har-

For Particulars, &c., apply to Messis H. Sieras & Co., Chefoo. Hongkong, April 28, 1879.

WASHING BOOKS.

(In English and Chinese.) TATASHERMAN'S BOOKS, for the use of adies and Gentlemen, are now ready at this Office. - Price, \$1 each. CHINA MAIL Office.

Auctions.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

IN BE-SOLD by PUBLIC AUC TION, shortly, on a day to be hereafter named, unless previously disposed of by private contract,—

THE HONGKONG DISTILLERY Situate at East Point, Hongkong, now in Complete Working Order, and Capable of Distilling upwards of 2,000 Gallons daily. The Property is of a most valuable nature, comprising THREE PIECES of GROUND close to the water, viz :- Inland Lots Nos. 749, 781 and 782, with the Substantially Built DWELLING House and Business Pre-MISES, erected specially for the purpose only a few years since, together with the MACHINERY, ENGINES, STILLS, VATS, STOCK, and TRADE FURNITURE and FIT-TINGS.

For further Particulars, apply to Messrs SHARP, TOLLER, and JOHNSON,

Solicitors, Supreme Court House, Hongkong.

- Hongkong, March 5, 1879.

Notices of Firms.

NOTICE.

Drafts, granted on London, and the NAR. THOMAS WILLIAM WRIGHT is authorised to SIGN our Firm per Procuration from this Date.

SAYLE & Co. Hongkong, May 6, 1879.

NOTICE.

THE INTEREST and RESPONSIBILITY of Mr WALTER SCOTT FITZ, in our Firm in Hongkong and China, CEASED on despatch. the 31st December last.

Mr CHARLES VINCENT SMITH L admitted a Partner from This Date. RUSSELL & Co.

Hongkong, January 1, 1679.

NOTIOE.

TR. JAMES ANDERSON, formerly Manager of the FOOCHOW DOOKS, has this Day been admitted a Partner in

J. INGLIS & Co., Victoria Foundry, Wanchai. Hongkong, April 1, 1879.

Intimations.

THE HONGKONG FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

TUTIOE is hereby given that an EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of Shareholders will be Held at the Company's Office, situate at No. 7. Queen's Road, Hongkong, at 8 P.M. on TUESDAY, the 20th Instant, for the purpose of confirming auch Special Resolution

Dated the 6th day of May, 1879. JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., General Managers. my20

SAILORS' HOME.

NY Cast-off Ctorning, Books, Papers will be thankfully reselved at the Sallor's Home, West Point Hongkong, July 25, 1878.

Intimations.



CEALED TENDERS for the Extension on or before TUESDAY, the 27th Instant, BERS, on MONDAY, the 2nd June next.

at Noon. Plan and Specification can be seen on application at the NAVAL STOREKEEPER'S JOHN BREMNER,

Naval Storekeeper. H. M.'s Naval Yard,

Hongkong, 13th May, 1879.

CANTON INSURANCE OFFICE

NOTICE.

ADJUSTMENT OF BONUS FOR THE YEAR

CHAREHOLDERS in the above Office are Requested to furnish the Undersigned with a List of Their Contribu-TIONS for the Year ending 31st December, 1878, in order that the Distribution of the PROFITS Reserved for CONTRIBUTORS may be arranged. Returns not rendered prior to the 30th JUNE Next will be Adjusted by the Office, and no Claims or Alterations will be subsequently admitted.

JARDINE, MATHESON & Co.. General Agents: Hongkong, 14th May, 1879.

G. FALCONER & Co., WATCH AND CHRONOMETER MANUFACTURERS,

JEWELLERS. AUTICAL INSTRUMENTS, CHARTS AND BOOKS.

46, Queen's Road Central. Hongkong, April 21, 1879.

YANGTSZE INSURANCE ASSO-CIATION.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

THE Directors have declared an EXTRA DIVIDEND of FIVE PER CENT. on Shareholders Capital, payable at the Office of the Secretaries, on the 28th Instant, to SHAREHOLDERS of Record on the 21st Instant. By Order of the Directors,

RUSSELL & Co. Secretaries.

Shanghai, 18th April, 1879.

HONGKONG WHARF & GODOWNS

STORAGE.

COODS RECEIVED on STORAGE at Moderate Rates, in FIRST-CLASS GODOWNS, under European supervision: and VESSELS Discharged alongside the WHARF, on favorable Terms, with quick

MEYER & Co., Proprietors.

Hongkong, November 29, 1878.

YANGTEZE INSURANCE ASSO-

NOTICE

CLATION.

TN accordance with the Articles of Agreement, the Directors have declared a DIVIDEND to PULICYHOLDERS for the Firther Months ending 81st Deceme ayable at our Office on and after the

178 ber 1878, of THIRTY-THREE PER CENT. ON THE NET PREMIA CONTRIBUTED, loch Insunt. PolicyHolders are requested to send in particulars of their Contributions.

> By Order of the Directors, RUSSELL & Co., Agenta

DENTAL NOTICE.

Hongkong, May 5, 1879.

ROGERS will visit SHANGHAI during the Summer Months, leaving Honoxong on the lat of April next, and returning about 1st November.

Hongkong, February 10, 1879.

NOTICE.

TROM the 1st or OCTOBER DR EASTLACKE will receive his PATIENTS at bis new DENTAL ROOMS, No. 50, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL, over the MEDICAL HALL Houghong, September 28, 1878.

intimations.

NOTICE.

HONGKONG COMMERCIAL EX-CHANGE.

of BOILER SHED; REPAIRS to THE EXCHANGE ROOMS in MARINE ROOF, PILLARS, &c., at H.M. NAVAL House, Queen's Road Central, will Lading to the Undersigned for counter-YARD, will be Received by the Undersigned be Open and Ready for the use of MEM: Idenature, and take immediate delivery. Applications for admission as Members to be addressed to E, GEORGE,

Hongkong, May 14, 1879.

NOTIOE.

TR. EDWARD BURNIE will Conduct

my Business of Marine Surveyor auring my temporary absence from the Colony.

R. H. CAIRNS. Club Chambers. Hongkong, May 6th, 1879.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

CHINA SEA.

YANGTZE RIVER-SHANGHAI DISTRIOT.

ATOTICE is hereby given that informstion has been Received from Captain CROAD of the C. M. S. N. Co.'s Steamer FUYEW, that on the 8th Instant, he passed a sunken Junk on the South side of the Channel about 5 miles inside the "Tungsha" Light-vessel, the "Kiutoan Light-vessel bearing about N.W. by N.

By order of the Inspector-General of Customs. GERALD E. WELLESLEY, Acting Engineer-in-Chief.

Imperial Maritime Customs, Engineer's Office, Shanghai, 9th May, 1879. my18

PHOTOGRAPHY.

begs to announce to the Community or Hongkong that he has taken over the BUSINESS of Mr H. SCHUREN-wellknown in-Hongkong—and is prepared to take PHOTOGRAPHS daily from 8 a.m. till 1 p.m. Having previously been employed by Mr Schüren, and hadlong experience in some of the most Celebrated Studios in EUROPE, he will take any Work in PHOTOGRAPHY, and is able to guarantee satisfaction to all who favour him with their Patronage. Photographs enlarged to life-size and finished in Artistic Style. Any Pictures not meeting with the approval

of Patrons will not be charged for. PHOTOGRAPHIC STUDIO, Wyndham Street.

Hongkong, April 21, 1879.

Actices to Consignees.

FROM SAN FRANCISCO AND YOKOHAMA.

THE Steamship Alaska, Captain SEA-BURY, having arrived from the above Ports, Consigness of Cargo by her are hereby requested to send in their Bills of Lading to the Undersigned for countersignature, and take immediate delivery of

their Goods. Cargo impeding her discharge will be at once landed and stored at Consignees' risk and expense. The above Steamer having incurred General Average, Consignees of Cargo and

Treasure are notified that a General Aver-

age Bond is now lying at our Office and will require their Signature before delivery. RUSSELL & Co., Agonia. Hongkong, May 10, 1879.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.

S. S. TIGRE.

NOTICE.

CONSIGNEES of Cargo per S. S. Gange, from London, in sonned tion with the above Steamer, are hereby informed that their Goods are being innded and stored at their risk at the Company's Sodowns, whence delivery may be obtained immediately after landing.

Optional Cargo will be forwarded on, unless intimation is received from the Consigness, before To-DAY, the 16th Instant, at 11 a.m., requesting it to be landed here. Bills of Lading will be countersigned by ce Undersigned. Goods remaining unclaimed after Fat-

DAY, the 28rd Instant, at Noon, will be

Hongkong, May 16, 1879.

subject to cent and landing charges. No Fire Insurance has been effected. G. DE CHAMPEAUX, Ages!.

TONSIGNEES of the following Cargo

日七十月三閏年卯己

-Motices to Consignees.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES

MARITIMES.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

are requested to send in their Bills of This Cargo has been landed and stored at their risk and expense.

No Fire Insurance has been effected. G. DE CHAMPEAUX, Agent.

Ex "Iraouaddy." I Y No. 1309, Mr Ivir, 1 cask Wine, from Marseilles. Hongkong, April 24, 1879.

Shipping.

Steamers.

FOR-SWATOW, AMOY & TAMSUL The Steamship "HAILOONG,"

Captain ABBOTT, will be despatched for the above Ports on SUNDAY, the 18th lostant, at 10 a.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to DOUGLAS LAPRAIK & Co.

AUSTRALASIAN STEAM NAVIGA. TION COMPANY.

Hongkong, May 15, 1879.

FOR PORT DARWIN, COOKTOWN. SYDNEY & MELBOURNE, Taking Cargo and Passengers for all Australasian and New Zealand Ports,

TABMANIA, NEW CALEDONIA & FIJI. One of the Company's will be despatched as above on or about WEDNESDAY,

the 28th Instant. For Freight or Passage, apply to GEO. R. STEVENS & Co. Hongkong, May 16, 1879.

Sailing Vessels.

FOR NEW YORK. The A 1 American Bark "EDWARD MAY,"
Capt. Johnson, will load here for the above Port, and will have quick despatch.

For Freight, apply to RUSSELL & Co. Hongkong, April 30, 1879.

FOR SAN FRANCISCO. The A 1 British Ship

BEADLE, Master, will load here for the above Port, and will be despatched on or before the 5th of May.

For Freight, apply to VOGEL & Co.

Hongkong, April 25, 1879. FOR SAN FRANCISCO. The American Bark VESUVIUS,"

for the above Port, and will have quick despatch. For Freight, apply to

RUSSELL & Co.

Hongkong, May 8, 1879.

FOR SAN FRANCISCO. The A 1 British Ship "ONEIDA! Captain CLYMA, will load here for the above Port, and will have quick despatch.

RUSSELL & Co. Hongkong, April 17, 1879.

FOR MANILA.

For Freight, apply to

The Spanish Schooner "NUEVO CONSTANTE,"
Captain Uniante, will have immediate despatch as above. For Freight, apply to

Hongkong, May 9, 1879. FOR HAMBURG. The British Bark

"GOLDEN FLEECE." Wiltshier, Master. For Freight, apply to ... FOGEL & Co.

REMEDIOS & Co.

FOR NEW YORK The 41 American Ship "HAZE, Evans, Master. For Freight, apply to

Hongkong, May 7, 1879.

VOGEL & Co. Hongkong, April 16, 1879,

Shipping.

PRICE, \$24 PER ANNUM.

Sailing Vessels. FOR SAN FRANCISCO. The A 1 American Ship

Manson, Master.

For English For Freight, apply to

Hongkong, March 28, 1879.

FOR LONDON.

The A 1 American Ship "PRIMA DONNA," LUNT, Master. For Freight, apply to

VOGEL & Co.

VOCEL & Co. Hongkong, March 28, 1879.

To Let.

TO LET. FFICES, GODOWNS, and GOODS STORED.

Apply to

Praya, Pottinger Street. Hongkong, April 30, 1879.

PUSTAU & Co.,

TO LET-AT WANCHAL OLASS GODOWNS.

Goods of every description Landed and For terms, apply to

LANDSTEIN & Co. Hongkong, April 4, 1879.

TO LET.

TTWO HOUSES, Nos. 29 and 81, HOLLYWOOD ROAD, Apply to J. J. DOS REMEDIOS & Co.

Hongkong, May 9, 1879. "ROSE VILLAS"-FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED. BONHAM ROAD. MATTH Large TENNIS LAWN,

SHARP & DANBY ---

No. 6, Queen's Road Central,

MR J. D. HUMPHREYS.

late Mesera E. D. Sassoon & Co. Hongkong, May 10, 1879.

TO LET-FURNISHED. THE CLIFFS, near Mount Gough, containing SIX LARGE ROOMS, do. -presently occupied by Dr. ADAMS.

Apply to

Hongkong Dispensary. Hongkong, May 8, 1879.

TO LET. TTOUSE No. 9, ZETLAND STREET. DAVID SASSOON, SONS & Co.

Hongkong, April 29, 1879.

TO LET.

(WITH IMMEDIATE POSSESSION.)

ATOS. 10 & 12, LYNDHURST TERRACE, at present occupied by Messrs NUR-BEY KESSOWJEE & Co. Apply to LINSTEAD & Co.

Hongkong, April 24, 1879.

TO LET.

FFICES in CLUB CHAMBERS. Apply to DOUGLAS LAPRAIK & Co.

Hongkong, April 8, 1879. TO LET.

TORTION of a HOUS?, very suitable for OFFICES and DWELLING, also for a STORE, Queen's Road Central. Possession 1st March next.

LANDSTEIN & Co. Hongkong, February 4, 1879.

Apply to

TO LET. TN the Houses on MARINE LOT 65. formerly known as the Blue Houses. aituate on Praya East :--FIRST FLOORS of Nos. 2, 8 and 4.

As also, Trirst Class GRANITE GODOWNS. attached to Blue Houses at Wanchai.

Praya East, with immediate possession.

MARINE LOT 65, and BARRERT No. B. A SPACIOUS TIMBER YARD, close to the Wanchai Pier. Timber received on Storage or the Yard Rented.

For further particulars, apply to MEYER & Ca

Hongkong, March 4, 1879.

TIHE Undersigned are prepared to grant Policies against Fire to the extent of \$45,000 on Buildings, or on Goods stored therein, at current local rates, subject to a Discount of 20% on the Premia.

NORTON & Co.,

Hongkong, January 1, 1874.

THE CHINA FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

HEAD OFFICE-HONGKONG.

GENCIES at all the Treaty Ports of China and Japan, and at Singapore, Salgon and Penang.

Risks accepted, and Policies of Insurance granted at the rates of Premium current at the above mentioned Ports.

NO CHARGE FOR POLICY FEES. JAS. B. COUGHTRIE.

Secretary. Hongkong, November 1, 1871.

THE LONDON ASSURANCE

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER

His Majesty King George The First, A. D. 1720.

TINE Undersigned having been appointed Agents for the above Corporation are prepared to grant Insurances as follows :---

Marine Department. Policies at current rates payable either here, in London or at the principal Ports of India, China and Australia.

Fire Department. Policies issued for long or short periods at current rates. A discount of 20 % allowed. Afe Department.

Policies issued for sums not exceeding £5,000 at reduced rates. HOLLIDAY, WISE & Co.

Hongkong, July 25, 1872, THE SCOTTISH IMPERIAL INSUR-

ANCE COMPANY.

THE Undersigned having been appointed AGENTS in Hongkong for the abovenamed. Company, are prepared to Grant Pourous against FIRE on Buildings and on Goods to the extent of \$50,000, at the usual Rates, subject to an immediate Dis-

count of 20 per cent. Attention is invited to a considerable reduction in Premia for Life Insurance in

MEYER & Co. Hongkong, August 13, 1878,

North British & Mercantile INSURANCE COMPANY.

Incorporated by Royal Charter and Special Acts of Parliament.

> ESTABLISHED 1809. QAPITAL £2,000,000.

THE Undersigned, Agents at Hongkong for the above Company, are prepared to grant Policies against FIRE, to the land Rallways, to Havana, Trinidad, and extent of £10,000 on any Building, or Demerara, and to ports in Mexico, Central on Merchandise in the same, at the neual Rates, subject to a discount of 20 connecting Steamers. per cent.

GILMAN & Co.,

Hongkong, July 6, 1875.

CHINESE INSURANCE COMPANY (LIMITED.)

NOTICE.

TOLICIES granted at current rates on Marine Risks to all parts of the World. In accordance with the Company's Articles of Association, Two Thirds of the Profit are distributed annually to Contributorss whether Shareholders or not, in proportion to the nett amount of Premia contributed by each, the remaining third being carried to Reserve Fund.

> J. BRADLEE SMITH. Secretary.

Hongkong, December 9, 1878.

LANCASHIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

(FIRE AND LIFE.)

CAPITAL, TWO MILLIONS STEELING.

FIRE Undersigned are prepared to grant Policies against the Risk of FIRE on Buildings or on Goods stored therein, on Goods on board Vessels and on Hulls of Vessels in Harbour, at the usual Terms and Conditions.

Proposals for Life Assurances will be reselved, and transmitted to the Directors for their decision.

If required, protection will be granted on first class Lives up to £1000 on a Single

For Raiss of Premiums, forms of propossis or any other information, apply to ARNHOLD, KARBERG & Co.,

Affents, Hongkong & Canton. Hongkong, January 4, 1867.

MANCHESTER FIRE ASSURANCE COMPANY OF

MANCHESTER AND LONDON.

Annual Income

ESTABLISHED 1824. Capital of the Company £1,000,000 Sterling of which is paid up £ 100,000. Reserve Fund upwards of £ 120,000

THE Undersigned have been appointed Agents for the above Company at Hongkong, Canton, Foothow, Shanghal, and Hankow, and are prepared to grant Insurances at current rates.

£ 250,000

HOLIADAY, WISE & Co. Hongkong, October 18, 1868,

Insurances.

ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY. THE Undersigned, Agents for the above Company, are prepared to grant Insurances at current rates.

MELOHERS & Co., Agents, Royal Insurance Company. Hongkong, October 27, 1874.

SWISS LLOYD TRANSPORT INSURANCE COMPANY OF WINTERTHUR.

THE Undersigned having been appointed Agents for the above Company, have This Day taken over charge of the Hongkong Agency, and are prepared to grant INSURANCE On MARINE RISKS at Current Rates to all parts of the World.

MEYER & Co. Hongkong, February 10, 1879.

Mails.



STEAM FOR SINGAPORE, PENANG, POINT DE GALLE, ADEN, SUEZ, MALTA,

BRINDISI, ANCONA, VENICE, MEDI-TERRANEAN PORTS, SOUTH-AMPTON, AND LONDON; VIA BOMBAY.

BOMBAY, MADRAS, AND CALCUTTA.

THE PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY'S Steam-ship GWALIOR, Captain J. C. BABOT, will leave this on TUESDAY, the 20th May, at

Tea and General Cargo for London will be conveyed via Bombay without transhipment, arriving one week later than by the direct route. Silk and Valuables will be transferred to the Calcutta steamer Galle.

For further Particulars, apply to A. MolVER, Superintendent,

Hongkong, May 7, 1879.

U. S. MAIL LINE. PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

THROUGH TO NEW YORK, VIA TVERLAND RAILWAYS, AND TOUGHT AT YOROHAMA, AND SAN FRANCISCO.

THE U.S. Mail Steamships CITY OF TOK10 and ALASKA, will be despatched for San Francisco, via Yokohama. on TUESDAY, the 20th, and on MON-DAY, the 26th Instant, at 3 p.m. respectively, taking Passengers, and Freight, for

Japan, the United States, and Europe. Through Bills of Lading issued for transportation to Yokohama and other Japan Ports, to Sen Francisco, to Atlantic and Inland Cities of the United States via Overand South America by the Company's and

Through Passage Tickets granted to England, France, and Germany by all trans-Atlantic lines of Steamers.

On Through PASSAGES to EUROPE, a REDUCTION OF TWENTY PER CENT from Regular Rates is granted to OFFICERS OF THE ARMY AND NAVY. AND MEMBERS OF THE CIVIL AND CONSULAR SERVICES IN COMMIS-

Freight will be received on board until 2 pm. of 19th May, and 25th respectively. Parcel Packages will be received at the office until 5 p.m. same day all Parcel Packages should be marked to address in full; value of same required. Consular Invoices to accompany Overland

Cargo should be sent to the Company's Offices in Sealed Envelopes, addressed to the Collector of Customs at San Francisco." For further information as to Passage

and Freight, apply to the Agency of the lompany, No. 9, Praya Central. RUSSELL & Co . Agents. Hongkong, May 8, 1879.

NOTICE.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES. PAQUEBOTS POSTE FRANCAIS.

STEAM FOR

SAIGON, SINGAPORE, BATAVIA. POINT DE GALLE,

ADEN, SUEZ, ISMAILIA, PORT SAID, NAPLES, AND MARSEILLES:

ALSO, PONDICHERRY, MADRAS, CALCUTTA AND ALL INDIAN PORTS.

N TUESDAY, the 27th of May, 1879. the Company's S. IRAQUADDY, Commandant GAUVAIN. with MAILS, PASSENGERS, SPECIE and OARGO, will leave this Post for the above places.

Cargo and Specie will be registered for London as well as for Marseilles, and accepted in transit through Marselles for the principal places of Europe. Shipping Orders will be granted tintil

Cargo will be received on board anntil 4 p.m., Specie and Parcels until 8 p.m. on the 26th of May, 1879. (Parcels are not to be sent on board; they must be left at the Agency's Office.) Contents and value of Packages are re-

For further particulars, apply at the Company's Office. G. DE CHAMPEAUX,

Honghong, May 14, 1879,

Malls.

Occidental & Oriental Steam-Ship Company.

TAKING THROUGH CARGO AND PASSENGERS FOR THE UNITED STATES AND EUROPE. EN COMMHONION WITH STREET

UNION PACIFIC AND CONNECTING BAILROAD COMPANIES

CENTRAL

ATLANTIO STEAMERS.

TIHE S. S. BELGIO will be despatched for San Francisco via Yokohams. or about May 31st, 1879, at 3 p.m., taking Cargo and Passengers for Japan, the United States, Mexico, Central and South America, and Europe. Connection is made at Yokohama, with

Steamers from Shanghai. Freight will be received on Board until p.m. of the 80th May. PAROEL PACKAGES will be received at the Office until 5 p.m. same day: all Parcel Packages should be marked to address in full; value

of same is required. A REDUCTION is made on RETURN PAS-BAGE TICKETS. Consular Invoices to accompany Overland, Mexican, Central and South American Cargo, should be sent to the Company's

Offices addressed to the Collector of Cus-

toms, San Francisco. For further information as to Freight or Passage, apply to the Agency of the Company, No. 87, Queen's Road Central. H. M. BLANCHARD.

Acting Agent. Hongkong, May 6, 1879.

For Sale.

NOW READY.

CHINESE DICTIONARY IN THE OANTONESE DIALECT. Parts I and II., A to M, with Introduction. Royal 8vo., pp. 404.—By ERNEST JOHN EITEL, Ph.D. Tübingen. Price: Five Dullars, or Two Dollars

and a Half per Part. To be had from Messrs Lang, Crawford & Co., Hongkong and Shanghai; and Mesars KELLY & WALSH, Shanghal.

HONG LISTS.

Hongkong, March 1, 1878.

Circular, large sheet.

R'RE AMENDED HONG LIST in English and Chinese, containing the Names of all the most important Companies, Institutions and Mercantile Houses in the Colony.

Price, 25 cents each; or \$2.10 per dozen.

intimations.

At the "China Mail" Office.

NEWS FOR HOME.

The Gregland China Mail. (The oldert Operland Paper in Ohina.)

PUBLISHED AT THE "CHINA MAIL" OFFICE IN TIME FOR THE ENGLISH MAIL

Containing from 72 to 84 columns of closely printed matter.

THIS Mail Summary is compiled from the Daily China Mail, is published twice a month on the morning of the English Mail's departure, and is a record of each fortnight's current history events in China and Japan, contributed in original reports and collated from the journals published at the various ports in those Countries.

It contains Shipping news from Shanghai, Hongkong, Canton, &c., and a complete Commercial Summary.

Subscription, 50 cents per Copy (postage paid 56 cents.) \$12 per annum (postage paid \$13.50.)

Orders should be sent to GEO. MURRAY BAIN, China Mail Office, 2, Wyndham Street, not later than the evening before the departure of the English Mail Steamer. Terms of Advertising, same as in Dally China Mail

Volume Seventh of the "CHINA REVIEW."

No. 4.-Vol. VII. -OF THE-

CONTAINS-Jottings from the Book of Rites. Brief Sketches from the Life of King-

The Ballads of the Shi-king. Translations of Chinese School-books. The Critical Disquisitions of Wang Chiung. Alchemy in China. Appendix to Wylie's "Coins of the Ta-

Ch'ing Dynasty" "Hien Fung" Period. Short Notices of New Books and Literary Notes and Querles :-A Few Petty Additions to Dr Douglas'

> Trouts in Uhina. Ancient Vases Inheritance. Greeting the Spring. Adoption. The Term Kwai. Mongol and Yuan-pac. Leasehold Usage,

Hongkong, March 21, 1879,

Dictionary.

Chinase Coins. Coronation of the King of Loochon. The Ouigur Alphabet. Books Wanted, Exchanges, &c. China Mail Office,

intimations.

THE HONGKONG CHINESE MAIL. THE Circulation of THIS PAPER has been very much extended. The following are some of its Agents:---

Macao. - Man Chuen Shop. Canton. - Sing Chuen Native Post Office, Luen Hing Street; Chul Heung Low Hotel, Luen Hing Street; Kwong Tin Fat Shop, Yan Tsai Street; Mr Sit Chuen Fan, Tung Wen Rwan; Yuen Fong Shop, in front of the Provincial Treasurer's Yamen; How Yuen Shop, Small Market Street, New City; Yee Cheung Photograph Shop, Honam; Kwal Houng Shop, Sin Choong, Honam. Swatow.—Sui Cheong Hong; Woh Shun

Loong Hong. Amoy.—Chin Cheong Hong, Mook Kek Street. Foothow. -- Mr Yu Ching Cheong, Foochow Arsenal; Mr Lum Kwok Ching, Mari-

time Customs. Shanghai.-Mr Ng Ching Shun, Maritime Customs; Mr. Ho Yue Chuen, Maritime Customs; Mr Chun Sing Hol, Messrs Jardine, Matheson & Co.; Mr Kwong Chuen Fook, Educational Mission School and Mow Sing Sang Kee shop. Ningpo. - Mr Sung Min Chee, Maritime

Hankow.—Yee Hing Hong. Chefoo.-Yee Shun Hong. Japan.—Mr Leong Chun Tong, Munici-

pal Office, Yokohama. Saigon. - Wohang Hong. Magapore.—Ing Kee Hong; Kwong Fook Sang Hong.

Penang.-You Wing Fong; Argus Office. Calcutta. - Mow Sing Company. San Francisco. - Kwong Foong Tal Hong The above are some of the Agencies others will be published, when they are arranged for. Negociations are in progress with the express couriers who carry the official despatches and Peking Gazettes. circulate the Chinese Mail in the interior of

Hongkong, March 10, 1874.

NOTIOE.

THE Interest and Responsibility of the Undersigned in the Chinese Mail. 字 日 報 (Wah Teze Yat Po), CEASED from the 1st August, 1877.

CHUN AYIN. Hongkong, April 6, 1878.

NOTICE

TN Reference to the above, the Undersigned has Leased the Chinese Mail from the 1st August, 1877, and has engaged the services of Mr Leong Yook Onun, as Translator and General Manager of the newspaper, which under its new regime will be found to be, as hitherto, an excellent medium for advertising, especially as the Manager is able to devote his whole attention to the conduct of the Newspaper.

KONG CHIM

Lessee of the Hongkong Chinese Mail Hongkong, April 6, 1878.

THE FOLKLORE OF CHINA N. B. DENNYS, PR.D.

THE following are selected from numerous notices which have appeared in London, Continental and Eastern

Dr. Dennys has done good service in bringing together and presenting in read able form the hitherto scattered contributions to Chinese Folkfore—Times.

A very important addition to Folklore literature—Athenœum.' The book is entertaining and adds a good deal to the facts of comparative mythology -Pall Mall Budget.

valuable volumes of raphic. A very amusing and very instructive book-Spectator. Adds useful testimony to curious information—Ill. London News.

A worthy pendant to Archdeacon Gray's

Full of curious interest to the general reader and of valuable material for the ethnological philosopher-British Quarterly Review.We are indebted to Dr. Dennys for a

welcome addition to all existing stores of popular superstitions—John Bu'l. A work which merits attention as being to a large extent sui generis-Globe. An interesting and important work Printed on fine paper it will be a book for the boudoir as well as for the savant-

Naval and Military Gazette. Mr. Dennys's book shews us that man is the same at bottom whether his skin be yellow or white-London Quarterly Review. We can promise the spicial student a rich fund of matter on a very interesting

subject-Printing Times. Contains some very curious illus rations of Chinese superstitions-London and China

Deserving of careful reading. Throws much light on the study of comparative mythology-(Shanghai) Celestial Empire. Dr. Dennys has contributed not a little to exhibit the inner life and mode of thought of the Chinese people-North

Ohina Herald. Amusing and instructive enough to command a ready sale-Hongkong Daily Press. The book is one for the general reader thoroughly readable and entertaining from beginning to end-China Mail. A book of reference to the student and

a light and pleasant volume-Shanghai Abounding with entertaining and interesting matter-Japan Mail. Pleasantly written and instructive

Straits Times. We trust the author will continue his interesting researches He has produced a very interesting and valuable volume even if he has not established his theory -New York Nation:

Representative of the interest and importance of the study of folklore-London We may thank Mr. Dennys for treating

the subject with broad ideas and from a high planess New York Evening Post. Dr. Dennys appears to have done his work with great thoroughness-Australa-Nous savons gré à l'auteur de la peine qu'il s'est donnée à requeillir des materi-

2.15 P.M. Registry of Letters ceases. aux importants-La République francaise 2.80 P.M. Post-Office closes, but Letters Il volume del algnor Dennys è di quelli che non si leggono, ma si divorano-Revista di Romai

Indispensable to the student of the very instructive subject of Folklore Dublin University Magazine. For Sale by Mesers, Land, Chawyord Hongkons, Jan. 11, 1879,

Intimations.

A NEW STOCK OF neat lobbing types HAVING BEEN RECEIVED

FROM ENGLAND THIS OFFICE IS PREPARED TO EXECUTE

Book & Job Printing OF EVERY DESCRIPTION

AT REASONABLE BATES. FANCY BALL PROGRAMMES ASSORTED SIZES, IN GOLD AND COLOURS.

> BALL PENCILS. assorted colours.

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PATTERNS.

AGREEMENTS FOREIGN-GOING

LADY'S AND GENTLEMAN'S WASHING BOOKS, CONTRACT PASSAGE TICKETS. EXPORT CARGO REPORTS, POWERS OF ATTORNEY,

CHARTER PARTIES, SHIPPING ORDERS. BILLS OF LADING. PASSENGER LISTS. BILLS OF SALE. LOG BOOKS,

WILLS:

Chika Mail Office, 2, Wyndham Street,

THE CHINESE MAIL.

(Back of Club),

TERMS OF ADVERTISING IN THE Chinese Mail.

MWO cents a character for the first 100 characters, and one cent a character beyond the first 100, for first insertion, and half price for repetitions during the first week. Subsequent weeks' insertions will be charged only one half the amount of th first week's charge. Advertisements for half a year and longer will be allowed deduction of 25 per cent on the total amount and contracts for more favourable terms

can be made. Efforts have been made to establish Agents for circulating the Chinese Mail in al the ports and in the interior of China, al the ports in Japan, in Salgon, Singapore, Phillippines, Australia, San Francisco, Peru and other places which Chinese frequent When the list of Agencies is completed, it will be published. Agents have been already established in most of the above places, and in important ports more than 29. Wuhu, one agent has been appointed at each.

Not Responsible for Debts.

Hongkong, February 28, 1874

Meither the Captain, the Agents, nor Owners will be Responsible for any Debt contracted by the Officers or Crew of the following Vessels, during their stay

in Hongkong Harbour:--GOLDEN FLEECE, British barque, Capt James Wiltshire.—Gilman & Co.

ONEIDA, British ship, Captain S. Clyma. -Gibb, Livingston & Co. ALEXA, British barque, Captain George Robb.—Jardine, Matheson & Co. Annie W. Weston, American barque. Captain H. O. Winsor.—Order.

VESUVIUS, American barque, Captain F. W. Calc.-Order. JOHN R. STANHOPE, American barque, Capt. H. G. Pillsbury. - Arnhold, Karberg

FLEURS CASTLE, British steamer, Capt. Kidder.-Adamson, Bell & Co. ARGYLL, British steamer, Captain D Scott.-Jardine, Matheson & Co. BELTHOVEN, German barque, Captain

Hajd.—Melchers & Co. KILLARNEY, British steamer, Captain Henry O'Neill - Gibb, Livingston & Co. ALICE C. DIUKERMAN, American 8-m. schooner, Captain wm. J. Bugant -- Order,

POST OFFICE NOTICES.

MAILS BY THE BRITISH PACKET. British Contract Packet Gwallor will he despatched on TUESDA! the 20th Instant, with Mails to and through the United Kingdom and

Malts, and Gibraltar. V.B.—This Packet carries no mails for the Australian Volonies, B. or S. Africa, nor for Mauritius.

Europe vid Brindist or Bouthampton;

to the Straits Bettiements, Batavis,

Burmah, Ceylon, India, Aden, Egypt

MAILS BY THE UNITED STATES PACKET. The United States Mail Packet City of Tikio, will be despatched on TUE-DAY, the 20th instant, with Mails for Japan, San Francisco, and the United States, which will be closed as fol-

(except for Non-Union Countries) may be posted on board the Packet with until the time of departure. Correspondence for Non-Union West Indies

Hongkong, May 6, 1879,

POST OFFICE NOTICES.

MAILS BY THE FRENCH PACKET. The French Contract Packet Iracuadly will be despatched on TUESDAY, the 27th Instant, with Mails to and through the United Kingdom and Europe, vid Naples; to Saigon, Straits Settlements, Batavia, Burmah, Ceylon, Pondicherry, Madras, Calcutta, Bombay, Aden, Suez, and Alexandria.

The usual hours will be observed in closing the Mails, &c.

MAILS BY THE UNITED STATES PACKET. The United States Mail Packet Alaska will be despatched on MONDAY, the 26th instant, with Malls for Japan, San Francisco, and the United States, which will be closed as follows. 2.15 P.M. Registry of Letters ceases. 2.30 P.M. Post-Office closes, but Letters

(except for Non-Union Countries) may be posted on board the Packet with Late Fee of 18 cents extra Postage until the time of departure. Correspondence for Non-Union West Indies (except the Bahamas and Hayti), Monte-Video, Paraguay, and Uruguay

can no longer be sent by this route.

HOURS OF CLOSING THE CONTRACT MAILS. The following hours are observed in closing Mails; &c., by both the British and

Hongkong, May 8, 1879.

French Contract Packets :-Day before departure,— 5 P.M. -- Money Order Office closes : Post Office closes except the Nicht Box. which remains open all night.

Day of departure.-A.M.—Post Office opens. 10 A.M. -- Registry of Letters ceases. Posting of all printed matter and patterns ceases. 11 a. M. -- Mails closed, except for Late Letters.

11.10 A.M.—Letters may be posted with Late Fee of 18 cents until 11.80 A.M. -- when the Post Office Closes entirely 11.40 A.M.—Late Letters may be posted on board the packet with Late Fee of

Shipping Intelligence.

18 cents until time of departure.

The following is corrected from the latest London and Colonial Papers, do:-VESSELS TO ARRIVE.

17. Blenheim, Flushing 19, Carricks, London

8, Vale o' Doon, Antwerb , South American. Penarth Vigilant, Cardiff 22. Grossfurst Constantine. Hamburg 23. Monte Ross, Cardiff 23, G. C. Trufant, Cardiff

24. Edward Barrow. Hamburg London (via 4, Chocorus, Cardiff) 5. Windhover, London 7. Cadiz, (s.) Liverpool 14, John A. Briggs. Cardiff

London

Greenock (via

Liverpool) 80, Olaf, (s.) Altona LOADING FOR CHIMA AND JAPAN PORTS. At Zondon. -- Steamers via Suez Canal.

22, Agnes Muir,

Sailing Vesseis. Harter, Bonaccord. Whiteadder. Omba.

At Liverpool.

Anchises (#.) Stentor (s.) Achilles (s.) At Cardiff.

Chair and Boat Hire. LEGALISED TARIFF OF FARES FOR CHAIRS. CHAIR BEARERS, AND BOATS,

IM THE COLONY OF HONGKONS,

Chairs and Ordinary Pullaway Boats. Half hour, 10 cts. | Hour, 20 cts Three hours ... 50 cts. | Six hours 70 cts. Day (from 6 to 6),. ... One Dollar, Licensed Bearers (each),

Hour, ... 10 cents,

Half day, ... 35 cents,

Day, 50 cents. BOAT AND COOLIN HIRE.

1st Class Cargo Boat of 8 or 900 piculs, per Day, ... 1st Class Cargo Boat of 8 or 900 piculs, per Load, ... 2nd Class Cargo Boat of 600 piculs, per Day, 2nd Class Cargo Boat of 600 piculs, per Load, Brd Class Cargo Boat or Ha-kan Boat of 800 piculs, per Day, 8rd Class Cargo Boat or Ha-kan Boat of 800 piculs, per Load, ...

Sampans. or Pulisway Boats, per Day, ... One Hour, Helf-en-Hour,

and Class Cargo Boat or Ha-kau Boat of 800

Nothing in this Scale prevents private agree-That for the Street Coolies is as fol-STREET COOLIES.

(except the Bahamas and Hayti), One Hour Monte Video, Paraguay, and Urnguay Half Hour, persession serves to the Nothing in the above Scale is to affect mings

Scale of Hire for Street Coolies,

can no longer be sent by this route.

Intimations

BLACKWELL'S CELEBRATED OILMEN'S STORES. Mine Prize Medals, Paris, Vienna and Philadelphia.

PICKTES AND SAUCES JAMS AND JELLIES, ORANGE MARMALADE. TART FRUITS, DESSERT FRUITS. PURE SALAD OIL, MUSTARD, VINEGAR, POTTED MEATS AND FISH,

FRESH SALMON AND HERRINGS, HERRINGS A LA SARDINE, YARMOUTH BLOATERS BLACKWALL WHITEBAIT, PREPARED SOUPS, IN TINS, PRESERVED VEGETABLES,

HAMS AND BACON, IN TINS, PRESERVED CHEESE, OXFORD AND CAMBRIDGE SAUSAGES. BOLOGNA SAUSAGES, YORKSHIRE GAME AND PORK PIES.

TONGUES, GAME, POULTRY, PLUM PUDDINGS. LEA AND PERRINS' WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE.

Presh supplies of the above, and numerous other table delicacies, may be had from most. Storekeepers. CAUTION.

To prevent the fraud of refilling the bottles or jars they should invariably be destroyed when empty. Goods should always be examined upon delivery, to detect any attempt at substitution of articles of inferior

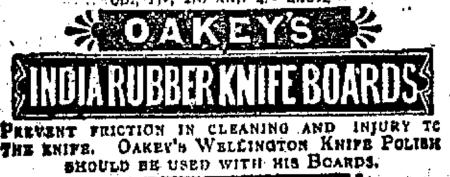
All genuine goods bear the names of Crosse & Blackwell on the Labels, Corks and Capsules of the Bottles, Jars and Tins.

BLACKWELL CROSSE PURVEYORS TO THE QUEEN. SOHO SQUARE, LONDON.

H 16HEST A WARD & PRIZE MEDAL PHILADELPHI Exhibition, 1876."

→ OAKEYS ☆

Knipe Boards. Knives constantly to may cutlery. Packets 3D. Bach; AND TINE, 60., 1/-, 2/6 AND 4/- BACH.



-XOAKEYS &

FOR CLEAVING AND POLISHING SILVER, ELECTRO-PLATE, PLATE GLASS, &c. TABLETS OD. BACK > OAKEYS

IN SOLID BLOCKS-ID., 2D. & 4D. BACH, & 18. BOXES.



17m:80



THE GREATEST WONDER OF MODERN TIMES!

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS

Long experience has proved these famous remedies to be most effectual in curing either the dangerous maisties or the slighter complaints which are more particularly in-cidental to the life of a miner, or to those living in the Occasional doses of these Pills will guard the system against those evils which so often beset the human race, vizi-coughs, colds, and all disorders of the liver and stomach—the frequent forerunners of fover, dysentery, districts, and cholers.

HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT

Is the most effectual remedy for old sores, wounds, tilcers, rheumatism, and all skin diseases; in fact, when used according to the printed directions, it never fails to pure alike, deep and superficial ailments.

These Medicines may be obtained from all respectable Druggists and Store-keepers throughout the civiliand world, with directions for use in almost every language. They are prepared only by the Proprietor, Thomas Holloway, \$33, Oxford Street, London. Thise States.

20ap78

NOTICE,

THE CHINESE MAIL.

TIROM and after the Chinese New Year's day (February 17, 1874) the Chinese Mail will be issued DAILY instead of TRI-WEERLY as heretofore. No change, however, will be made in the price of subscrip-

tion, which will remain at \$6 per annum. The charges for advertisements are now assimilated to those of the China Mail, The unusual success which has attended the Chinese Mail makes it an edmirable medium for advertisers.

The Conductors guarantee an eventual Broslation of one thousand copies, It is siready the most inducated native journal - published, and enjoys considerable prestige at the Ports of China and Japan, and at Singapore, Penang, Calcutta, San France Many and Australia SAME MANY PROPI

Intimations.



CLIMATIC DEBILITY THE WEAK MADE STRONG,

NEWMAN'S EXTRACT OF MALT. Prepared from the finest Kentish Malt, being non-fermented and free from Spirit, as certified by Dr. Hassall and other Analytical Chemists.

. It is strongly recommended by the faculty, and extensively used in the principal Hospitals, and is particularly valuable in all cases of Constitutional and Ulimatic Debility, as well as being a most agreeable and efficient substitute for Cod Liver Oil. It is also very strongly recommended to be taken instead of Wine or Beer between meals, as it imparts immediate strength, assists digestion, and produces appetite, and it may be freely taken by total abstainers without any misgivings as to its exciting or intoxicating

DIRECTIONS. -A Wine-glassful twice or three times a day. The Extract should be kept lying down in a cool place.

Copies of the Original Testimonials from Physicians and the Public can be forwarded upon application to the Manufacturer. Sold by all Chemists, and by the Manufacturer, C. H. NEWMAN, Dagmar House, Kast Margate. Local Agents: Messrs. A. S. WATSON &

Co., Hongkong. 4jau79

Dysentery, Cholera, Fever, Ague, Coughs, Colds, &c.

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE

(Ex Army Med. Staff) IS THE ORIGINAL AND ONLY

GENUINE. CAUTION .- Vice-Chancellor Sir W. P. Wood stated that Dr. Collis Browne was undoubtedly the Inventor of Chlorodyne, that the story of the Defendant, Freeman, being the inventor was deliberately untrue; which he regretted had been sworn to. Eminent Hospital Physicians of London stated that Dr. J. Collis Browne was the discoverer of Chlorodyne; that they prescribe it largely, and mean no other than Dr. Browne's, - See Times, July 12, 1864. The public, therefore, are cautioned

against using any other than Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne.

REMEDIAL USES AND ACTION. This invaluable remedy produces quiet,

refreshing sleep, relieves pain, calms the system, restores the deranged functions, and stimulates healthy action of the secretions of the body, without creating any of those unpleasant results attending the use of opium. Old and young may take it at all hours and times when requisite. Thousands of persons testify to its marvellous good effects and wonderful cures, while medical men extol its virtues most exten-

CHLORODYNE is admitted by the profession to be the most wonderful and valuable remediy ever discovered.

CHLORODYNE is the best remedy known for coughs, consumption, bronchitis, asthma. UHLORODYME effectually checks and arrests those too often fatal diseasesdiphtheria, fever, croup, ague.

UMLORODYNE acts like a charm in diarrhoes, and is the only specific in cholera and dysentery.

CHLORODYNE effectually cuts short all attacks of elilepsy, hysteria, palpitations and spasms.

CHLORODYNE is the only palliative in neuralgia, rheumatism, gout, cancer, toothache, meninguis, &c. EXTRACTS FROM MEDICAL OPINIONS.

The Right Hon. Earl Russell communicated to the College of Physicians and J. T Dayenport that he had received informa tion to the effect that the only remedy of any service in Cholera was Chlorodyne,bee Luncet, Dec. 31, 1864.

From A. Montgomery, Esq., late Inspector of Hospitals, Bombay :- "Chlorodyne is a most valuable remedy in Neuraleia. Asthma, and Dysentery. To it I fairly owe my restoration to health, after eighteen months' severe suffering, and when other remedies had failed."

Dr. Lowe, Medical Missionary in India reports (December 1865) that in nearly every case of Cholers in which Dr. J. Collis BROWNE'S CHLOLODYNE Was administered.

tue Darient Lecoholon. Extract from the General Board of Health, London, as to its efficacy in Cholera, - So strongly are we convinced of the immonto value of this remedy, that we cannot too firefully urge the necessity of adopting it in all cases."

bee leading article, Pharmaceutical Journol, August I, 1869, which states that Dr. J. Collin Browne was the inventor of Chlorodyne; that it is always right to use his preparation when Chlorodyne is ordered. CAUTION .- None genuine without the words "Dr. J. COLLIS BROWNE" on the Government Stamp. Overwhelming medical testimony accompanies each bottle.

dois Manufacturer-J. T. DAVENPORT. 88, Great Bussell Street, Bloomsbury, London. Hold in bottles at is, 14d., 2s. Vd., 4s, 6d. and lis.

MENG-BRULL OF THE REDIMERTS OF P. NATURAL SCIENCE IN CHINA. By Dr. E. J. EITEL One Volume. 8vb. Price.

BUDDHISM, Its History, Theory And Portial Relieion, in three Lectures. By Dr. E. J. ElTEL. Becond Edition. On Priume, Syn. P. 100, \$1.50 Orders will be required by Mesers Lane United & Co. Advitations and the Public.

Intimations.

THE SAFEST MILD APERIENT FOR DELICATE CONSTITUTIONS, LADIES BEST REMEDY FOR ACIDITY

THE STOMACH, HEARTBURN HEADACHE, GOUT AND INDIGESTION. **DINNEFORD'S**

CHILDREN AND INFANTS. AND FOR REGULAR USE IN WARM OLIMATES.

FLUID MAGNESIA

FLUID MAGNESIA

DINNEFORD & Co., Chemists And of Druggists and Storekeepers throughout London. the World.

ASK FOR DINNEFORD'S MAGNESIA. Agents-A. S. WATSON & Co., Hongkong.

INVINCIBLE

LIGHTEST " CHEAPEST SIMPLEST, AND MOST ECONOMICAL

REQUIRES NO FOOT VALVES. GETS STOPPED UP.

REQUIRES NO BENDS.

PIPES CAN BE EWIVELLED TO ANY ANGLE WITHOUT DISTURBING BED-PLATE

For full Particulars apply to HENRY GWYNNE, ENGINEERS,

89, CANNON STREET & HAMMERSMITH IRON WORKS. LONDON.

Catalogues may be had on application to the Office of this Paper. 28dec78

In consequence of spurious imitations of

LEA AND PERRINS' SAUCE.

which are calculated to deceive the Public, Lea and Perrins have adopted A NEW LABEL, bearing their Signature,

deadlinens

which is placed on every bottle of WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE, and without which none is genuine.

Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce, and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle and Stopper, Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors, Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, . &c., &c.; and by Grocers and Oilmen throughout the World.

INDIGESTION. THE



CAMOMILE PILLS are confidently recommended as a simple Remedy for Indigestion, which is . the cause of hearly all the diseases to which we are subject, being a medicine so uniformly grateful and beneficial, that it is with justice called the "Natural Strengthener of the Human Stomach." "Norton's Pills" act as a powerful tonic and gentle aperient; are mild in their operation, safe under any circumstances, and thousands of persons can now bear testimony to the benefits to be derived from their use, as they have been a never-failing Family Friend for upwards of 45 years. Sold in Bottles at 18. 11d., 28. 9d., and 11s. each, by all Medicine Vendors throughout the World.

Be sure and ask for " NORTON'S PILLS," and do not be persuaded to purchase an imitation.

J. W. BENSON,

WATCH AND CLOCK MAKER TO THE QUEEN AND ROYAL FAMILY,

And by Special Appointments to

H. R. H. THE PRINCE OF WALES, H. I. M. THE EMPEROR OF RUSSIA, THE MAHARAJAH OF BURDWAN,

AND TO SEVERAL INDIAN PRINCES. PRIZE MEDALS-LONDON, DUBLIN,

BENSON'S WATCHES, of every Description, Chronometers, Keyless Levers,

CLOCKS-for Churches, Turrets, GOLD JEWELLERY, of the richest or Public Buildings, Dining or and most exquisite designs, with suitable for all climates, from £2 Drawing Room, Labrary, Carri- Monograms, Crests, and Devices, to 200 guiness. Chronographs, age, Church, Hall, or Shop. Per- Enamelled in Colours, after Depetual Calendars, Wind Dials, &c. signs by the most accomplished ARTISTIC ENGLISH CLOCKS, Artists in the Precious Metals; Presentation, Repeaters, Railway decorated with Wedgwood and Brooches, Bracelets, Necklaces, other wares, designed to suit Lockets, Rings, and all kinds of Guarda', Soldiers', and Workany style of furniture; also as bijouterie as supplied to Memmen's Watches of Extra Strength. novelties for Presents. Made bers of the Court, and other solely by Benson. From £5 5s. Distinguished Personages.

Merchants, Shippers, and Wholesale Enyers are specially invited, before sending their orders elsewhere, to obtain from the manufactory the lituatrated Catalogues of Watches, Otocks, Chains, Jewellery, Stiver, and Electro-place, which are sent post free, as not only are the discounts liberal, but a selection can be made from the largest stock

Orders should be sent direct to the Manufactory, Ludgate Hill.

BERSON'S PAMPHLETS ON TUBBET CLOSES, WATCHES, CROSS, FLATS, and JEWELLERY sent Post Free. Watches sent safe by Post to all parts of the World.

Steam Factory and City Show Rooms-

West-End Establishment-

BOND STREET.

Established 1749.

FREDERIC ALGAR, COLONIAL, NEWSPAPER & COMMIS-SION AGENT, 11, Clement's Lane, Lombard Street,

THE Colonial Press supplied with News papers, Books, Types, Ink, Presses, Papers, Correspondents, Letters; and any

European Goods on London terms. NOTICE TO SHIPPERS. Oclonial Newspapers received at the office are regularly filed for the inspection of

SMALL CAPITALISTS wishing to estais an opening for a Mineral Water Manufactory in their District. All information and recipes for the purpose of making Lemonade, Bods Water, &c., is given, previous knowledge is not necessary. The demand for these drinks is so much on the lubreage, in all parts of the world, that the outlay for the machinery in all cases leads to a profitable and sale business. Ontalogue forwarded free.

BARNETT GON, and FOSTER, Engineers, 230, Forston Street, London, N.

Intimations.

LOZENGES COUGH COUGHS. ASTEMA,

BRONCHITIS. ACCUMULATION OF PHIEGM. Composed of the purest articles. These Lozenges contain no opium nor any deleterious drug, therefore the most delicate can take them with perfect confidence. Their beneficial effect is speedy and certain. old unfailing family remedy is daily recommended by the most eminent Physicians. (in use nearly 60 years).

MEDICAL TESTIMONY.

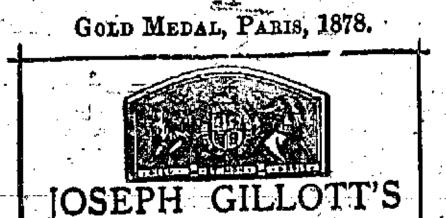
July 25th, 1877. 22, Cold Harbour Lane, London. Fir, -Your Lozenges are excellent, and their beneficial effect most reliable. strongly recommend them in cases of Cough and Asthma. You are at liberty to state this as my opinion, formed from many years, experience.

J. BRINGLOE, M.R.C.S.L., L.S.A., L.M. Mr. T. KEATING, Indian Medical Service. Dear Sir, Having tried your Lozenges in India, I have much pleasure in testifying to their beneficial effects in cases of Incipient Consumption, Asthma and Bronchial Affections. I have prescribed them largely, with the best results.

W. B. G., Apothecary, H.M.S. KEATING'S COUGH LOZENGES are sold by all Chemists, in bottles, of various sizes, each having the words, "Keating's Cough Lozenges" engraven on the Government department

KEATING'S WORM TABLET A PURELY VEGETABLE SWEETMEAT, both in appearance and taste, furnishing a mos agreeable method of administering the on certain remedy for Intestinal or Thera Worms. It is a perfectly safe and mi preparation, and is especially adapted for Uhildren .- SOLD IN BOTTLES BY ALL CHE-

Proprietor, The OMAS KEATING, London Export Chemist and Druggist.



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25may78

..... A White Rose on a Golden Lyre."

Mr. Andrew Wind, NEWS AGENT, &C. 138, NASSAU STREET, NEW YORK is authorized to receive Subscriptions. Advertisements. &c., for the China Mail.

PRICE \$6.

Overland China Mail, and China Review.

THE TREATY PORTS

China and Japan, COMPLETE GUIDE TO THE OPEN PORTS OF THOSE COUNTRIES, TOGETHER WITH PE-KING, YEDO, HONGKONG AND MACAO. FORMING A GUIDE BOOK & VADE ME.

CUM FOR TRAVELLERS, MERCHANTS, AND RESIDENTS IN GENERAL. Evo. pp. 618. With 29 MAPS and PLANS.

WM. F. MAYERS, N. B. DENNYS, and CHAS. KING.

COMPILED AND EDITED BY N. B. DENNYS, Ph.D.

LONDON: N. TRUBNER & Co. Hongkong : China Mail Office. Price, \$6, leather half bound.

The scope of this work includes detailed descriptions of important Sites and Monu-MENTS, notes on the CLIMATE and general TOPOGRAPHY, FAUNA, FLORA, GEOLOGY and METROROLOGY of each Port and its progress and social characteristics of the ticulars are added aummaries and statistics of the TRADE of each open Port, compiled from official returns, together with statements respecting Colvage, Currency, and Ex-CHARGES, LINES OF STEAM COMMUNICATION. DISTANCES, and rates of PASSAGE Money. Hints, and recommendations to travellers. giving full particulars of OUTFIT and mode of proceeding to the less frequented settlements are also included, combined with notes on Domestic Markets and Mode of living.

In addition to furnishing similar particulars, the Section devoted to Hongkong contains an historical aketch forming a chronological index of the chief events which occupied public attention between 1841 and 1865, including Political Events. Changes in the GOVERNMENT SERVICE, the passing of important ORDINANCES. the ARRIVAL and DEPARTURE OF EMINENT RESIDENTS, a record of the most notable PIRACIES, ROBBERIES, MURDERS, FRAUDS. FIRES and Criminal TRIALS, ADDRESSES and Presentations, &c., &c.

The appendix contains full tables of the various steam companies' lines. It also includes a CATALOGUE of over 440 works published in the English language upon Uhine and Japan, while a copious Impex at the end of the work affords a reads means of reference to the toxist.

Intimations.

THE CHINA REVIEW.

THE widely-expressed regret at the discontinuance of Notes & Queries on China and Japan, has induced the publishers of this journal to issue a publication similar in object and atyle, but slightly

modified in certain details. THE CHINA REVIEW, or Notes and Queries on the Far East, is issued at intervals of two months, each number containing about 60 octave pages, occasionally illustrated with lithographs, photographs, woodcuts, &c., should the papers published demand, and the circulation justify, such extra matter.

The subscription is fixed at \$6.50 postage paid, per annum, payable by non-residents in Hongkong half-yearly in advance. The publication includes papers original

and selected upon the Arts and Sciences, Ethnology, Folklore, Geography, History-Literature, Mythology, Manners and Cus, toms, Natural History, Religion, &c., &c., China, Japan, Mongolia, Tibot, the Eastern Archipelego and the "Far East" generally. A more detailed list of subjects upon which contributions are especially invited is incorporated with each number. Original contributions in Chinese, Latins French, German, Spanish, Italian or Portuguese, are admissible. Endeavour. are made to present a resume in each number of the contents of the most recent works bearing on Chinese matters. Great attention is also paid to the Review

Notes and Replies are classified together as "Notes" (head references being given, when furnished, to previous Notes or Queries), as are also those queries which, though asking for information, furnish new or unpublished details concerning the matter in band. It is desirable to make the Queries, proper as brief and as much to the point as possible.

The China Review for July and August. 1875, is at hand. It says that forty-two essays were sent in to compete for the best paper on the advantages of Christianity for the development of a State. All our learned societies should subscribe to this scholarly and enterprising Review. It is a sixty paged, bi-monthly, repertory of what scholars are ascertaining about China. The lecture on Chinese Poetry in this volume is alone worth the price of the Review. Address China Review, Hongkong.—Northern Christian Advocate (U.S.)

Trubner's Oriental Record contains the fol-

lowing notice of the China Review :- "This

is the title of a publication, the first number of which has lately reached us from Hongkong, where it has been ast on foot as in some respects a continuation of Notes and Queries on China and Japan, the extinction of which useful serial a year or two ago has been much regretted in Europe as well as in China. Thepresent publication, judging by the number now before us, is intended to occupy a position, as regards China and the neighbouring countries, somewhat similar to that which has been filled in India by the Calcutta Review. The great degree of attention that has been bestowed of late years upon the investigation of Chinese literature, antiquities, and social developments, to say nothing of linguistic studies, has led to the accumulation of important stores of information, rendering some such channel of publicity as is now provided extremely desirable; and contributions of much interest may fairly be looked for from the members of the foreign consular services, the Uhinese Customs' corps, and the missionary body. among whom a high degree of Chinese scholarship is now assiduously cultivated, and who are severally represented in the first number of the Review by papers highly creditable to their respective authors. In a paper on Dr. Legga's She King, by the Rev. E. J. Eitel, to which the place of bonour is deservedly given, an excellent summary is presented of the chronological problems and arguments involved in connexion with this important work. Some translations from Chinese novels and plays are marked by both accuracy and freshness of style; and an account of the career of the Chinese post-statesman of the eleventh century, Su Tung-p'o, by Mr. E. C. Bowra, is not only historically valuable, but is also distinguished by its literary grace. Beside notices of new books relating to China and the East, which will be a useful feature of the Review, if carried out with punctuality and detail, we are glad to notice that "Notes" and "Queries" are destined to find a place in its pages also. It is to be hoped that this opening for contributions on Chinese subjects may evoke a similar degree of literary zeal to that which was displayed during the lifetime of its predecessor in the field, and that the Ohina Review may receive the support necessary to insure its continuance. The publication is intended to appear every two months, and will form a substantial octavo magazine.

THE CHINESE MALL. The paper is now issued every The subscription is fixed at Four Dollars per annum delivered in Hongkong, or Seven Dollars Fifty Cents in-

cluding postage to Coast ports." It is the first Chinese Newspaper over issued under purely native direction. The neighbourhood, with Historical Notices editorial department is conducted by and minute details respecting the rise and Mr Chun Ayin, whose experience and competence have already been most fully several foreign settlements. To these par- demonstrated. The chief support of the paper is of course derived from the native community, amongst whom also are to be found the guarantors and scourisies necessary to place it on a business and

legal footing. The projectors, basing their estimates upon the most reliable information from the various Ports in China and Japan. from Australia, California, Singapore. Penang, Saigon, and other places frequented by the Chinese, - consider themselves justified in guaranteeing an ultimate circulation of between 3,000 and 4,000 copies. The advantages offered to advertisers are therefore unusually great, and the foreign community generally will find it to their interest to avail themselves of

The field open to a paper of this description-conducted by native efforts, but progressive and anti-obstructive in sonein almost limitless. It on the one hand commands Chinese belief and interest while on the other deserves every aid that can be given to it by foreigners. Like English journals it contains Editorials. with Local, Shipping, and Commercial News and Adversagments.

Subscription orders for sither of the above may be sent to

GEO. MURRAY BAIN

To-day's Advertisements.

GARRISON THEATRE. THE INNISKILLINGS L CHRISTY MINSTRELS,

TUESDAY

WEDNESDAY, 20th and 21st MAY, 1879.

SQNGS, CLOG DANCE,

FLUTE DÚET. COMIC SONGS, AND THE NEGRO FARCE, entitled

BOX AND COX. To conclude with THE NEGRO DANCE SKIDADDLE.

Admission: First Seats.....One Dollar. Second do......50 Cents.

PUNKARS.

Third do......25 ,,

"GOD SAVE THE QUEEN." Hougkong, May 17, 1879.

FOR MANILA. The Steamship " DIAMANTE." Capt. THEBAUD, will be de-

spatched for the above Port

on MONDAY, the 19th Instant, at 3 p.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to RUSSELL & Co.

Hongkong, May 17, 1879. FOR SWATOW, AMOY & FOOCHOW.

The Steamship Capt. WESTORY, will be despatched for the above Ports on WEDNESDAY, the 21st Instant, at

For Freight or Passage, apply to DOUGLAS LAPRAIK & Co. Hongkong, May 17, 1879.

FOR FOOCHOW. The British Ship "BLACK PRINCE,"

Capt. Hewen, will load here for the above Port, and will have quick despatch,

For Freight, apply to RUSSELL & Co. Hongkong, May 17, 1879,

PUBLIC AUCTION.

TIHE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction on an early DATE, unless disposed of privately, of which due Notice will be given-

Portions of INLAND LOT No. 105, adapted for the erection of Five Chinese Houses on Cochrane Street, corner of Gage Street, and FIVE HOUSES on Gage Street, corner of Gutzlaff Street.

Plans may be seen, and all particulars obtained at the Offices of SHARP & DANBY,

No. 6, Queen's Road, lately Messrs E. D. Sassoon & Co. Hongkong, May 17, 1879.

Volume Seventh of the "CHINA REVIEW."

No. 5.-Vol. VII.

-OF THE-

CC CHINA BEVIEW DD CONTAINS-

Legislation and Law in Ancient China. Jottings from the Book of Rites 118 12. Chinese Running Hand. The Critical Disquisitions of Wang Ch'ung. The Sadness of Separation, or Li Eac. Bistorical Table of the High Officials Composing the Central and Provincial

Governments of China. Mr. Kingsmill and the Shi King. Short Notices of New Books and Literary

Intelligence. Notes and Queries :--Notes on the Language of the Formosan

The Rainfall of Peking in connection with the Sunspot Theory. On some of the Constellations in the Shi-king, Ancient Veges. Anniversary of the Downfall of

Crocodiles. Mourning Etiqueits, The Land Tax. Banskrit Characters, Zoology,

Mongol Alphabets. The God of the Hearth, Books Wanted, Exchanges, &c. China Mail Office,

Hongkong, May 17, 1879.

TO LET MARINE HOUSE-WEST.

MIRST FLOOR and a GODOWN, RENT \$60 & \$50 per Month respectively. To-day's Advertisements.

OCCIDENTAL & ORIENTAL S. S. COMPANY.

NOTICE.

MONSIGNEES of Cargo per Steamship BELGIO, from San Francisco, &c., are hereby requested to send in their Bills of Lading for countersignature, and to take immediate delivery of their Goods.

Cargo impeding discharge of the Steamer will be landed and stored at Consignees' risk and expense.

H. M. BLANCHARD, Acting Agent.

Hongkong, May 17, 1879.

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.

May 16, Zambesi, British ateamer, 1540, A. Symone, Bombay April 28, Galle, Penang, and Singapore May 10, Mails and General -P. & O. S. N. Co.

May 17, 6.40 a.m., Belgic, British steamer, 1716, L. Meyer, San Francisco April 19, 0.50 p.m., and Yokohama May 10, 5.43 a.m., General. -0. & O. S. S. Co. May 17. Pernambuco, British steamer,

742, W. H. Hyde, Saigon May 12, Rice. May 17, Advance, Siamese barque, 336, E. G. Spencer, Bangkok April 24, Rice.

Crinese. May 17, Gauntlet, British barque, 668, B. C. Lucas, Sydney April 1, Coal.-GIBB,

LIVINGSTON & Co. May 17, Gwalior, British steamer, 1700. J. C. Babot, Shanghai May 12, Malls and General.-P. & O. S. N. Co. -May-17, Delphin, German 3-m. schooner,

225. J. W. Lilienthal, Newchwang April 17. Peas. - WIELER & Co. May 17, Peiho, German barque, 251, C. Christiansen, Bangkok April 15, Rice. -

Arnhold, Karberg & Co. May 17. Excelsior, American barque, 595, D. B. Eddy, Nagasaki April 80, Coal. CAPTAIN.

DEPARTURES. May 17, Yottung, for Swatow. 17. Scotland, for Saigon. 17. Penedo, for Saigon. 17, Tibre, for Yokohama. 17, Gravina, for Manila.

17. Japan, for Singapore, Penang, and 17. Venice, for Singapore, Penang, and

CLEARED. Hailoong, for Swatow, &c. Oncida, for San Francisco. Conquest, for Hoihow & Haiphong. Cilumum, for San Francisco.

17, Tigre, for Shanghai,

PASSENGERS. ARRIVED.

Per Zambesi, for Hongkong: from Southampton, Mr, Mrs and Miss Thomsett, and child, Mr and Mrs Brown, Mr Wickham, Mr and Mrs Stevens, Messra Jas. Jones, and Reeves; from Aden, Asst. Paymaster Penicud, R.N.; rom Penang, 26 Chinese; from Singapore, 100 Chinese. For Yokohama: from Southampton, Mr Ricketts,-For Shaughai: from Southampton, Mr and Mrs Pirkis, 2 children and servant, Mesers H.

Dale, and Frayer. Per Belgic, from San Francisco, &co., Messrs J. A. Mosely, and E. Von Bergen, and 102 Chinese. Per Gwalier, from Shanghai: for Hong-

kong, Mr Fitz Henry, and 21 Chinese; for Southampton, Mesers Neild, and Davidson; for Bombay, 1 Native. Per Pernambuco, from Saigon, 10 Chi-

Per Yottung, for Swatow, Mr and Mrs Anthony, and 66 Chinese. Per. Japan, for Singapore, &c., Mrs Jacob, Miss Byjohn, Lieut. Saunders, Dr Shoekor, Messrs A. Apcar, S. Apcar, 30

Native deck, and 400 Chinese. Per Venice, for Singapore, &c., Messrs D. da Costa, B. Nooroodin, and A. 7 Alimahomed, and Sundry Chinese. Per Scotland, for Saigon, 250 Chinese. Per Penedo, for Salgon, 20 Ohinese,

SHIPPING REPORTS.

The British steamer Pernambuco reports: Moderate N.E. winds throughout. The Siamese barque Advance reports

Fine weather and light variable winds throughout. till Tu nabout, from thence South-easterly

winds and calms. Some vessels seen, name unknown. The German barque Peiho reports: Calms and N.E. winds throughout the

The American barque Excelsior reports Fine weather throughout.

The British steamer Belgio reports: dian West, thence to Yokohama N.E. and variable winds; arrived at Yokohama May 8th at 4.55 a.m., 17 days, 22 hours and 87 minutes from San Francisco, baying crossed the 160 Meridian in latitude 88.80 W., making the distance run 4942 miles. Sailed from Yokobama May 10th at 5.48 a.m., experienced misty, rainy and cloudy weather to China Coast, thence to port very light S.W. monsoon. On the 11th instant, 850 miles from Yokohama at 11 a m. signalled O. & O. Oceanio, and on the 15th inst. off Turnabout Island passed the U. S. guchoat Ashuelet flying the American Ensign at the fore, bound

POST OFFICE NOTICES, MAILS WILL Glose :=-For SWATOW, AMOY, AND TAMSUI,-

North; arrived at Hongtong May 7th at

6.40 s.#.

Per Bailoong, at 9 a.m., on Sunday, the 18th inst.

For BANGKOK Per Dals, at 4.30 p.m., on Monday, the

Ph Saigon. Por Octava, at 4. 80 p. M., on Vriday, the

POST OFFICE NOTICES. MAILS will close:

For SHANGHAL. Per S. S. Zambesi, To-morrow, 18th inst. Registry ceases at 4.45 p.m. Mail closes at 5 p.m. Late Letters received from 5.10 to 5.30, with 18 cents Late Res. Paid Correspondence may then be posted in the moveable box on board the Packet. The Post Office will be open from 8 to 9 a.m. to-

morrow, and from 4 to 5.30 p.m. For HOIHOW & HAIPHONG, (Carrying Mails for Pakhol and Hanoi) -Per Conquest, at 9 am. To-morrow, the 18th inst. For MANILA,...

Per Diamante, at 2.30 p.m., on Monday, the 19th inst.

For STRAITS SETTLEMENTS, SUEZ, AND LONDON .-Per Deucation, at 2.30 p.m., on Tuesday, the 20th inst.

For SWATOW, AMOY, & FOOOHOW .-Per Namoa, at 9.30 a.m., on Wednesday, the 21st inst.

MAIL BY THE UNITED STATES PACKET. The United States Mail Packet Belgic, will be despatched on SATURDAY, the 31st inst., with Mails for Japan, San Francisco, and the United States, which will be closed as follows:-2.15 P.M. Registry of Letters ceases.

(except for Non-Union Countries) may be posted on board the Packet with Late Fee of 18 cents extra Postage until the time of departure. Correspondence for Non-Union West Indies

(expected the Bahamas and Bayti), Monte Video, Paraguay, and Uruguay can on longer be sent by this route, Hongkong, May 17, 1879.

Quotations.

Hongkong, May 17, 1879. OPIUM.-New Patna, cash....\$550 New Benares, cash, 520 New Maiwa, oredit, 750 Allowance Taels, -Old Malwa, credit, 750 Allowance Taels, -E change.

Bank, Wire,... Demand: 8/7/ 30 days' sight, 4 months' sight, ... Credits, 6 Documentary, 6 months' sight, 8/8 India, Wire, ... demand,... ... Shanghal, demand, 80 days' sight, ... 73# Gold Leaf, 995 fine Sovereigns,

Shares. Hongkong Bank, 50 % prem. Union Ins. Society of Canton, \$1,450 China Traders' Ins. Co., \$1,850 North China Ins. Co., Tls. 1,250 ex div. Yangteze Ins. Assoc., Tls. 730 ex diy. Chinese Insurance Co., \$280 H.K. Fire Ins. Co., \$750 China Fire Ina. Co., \$175 H.K. & W. Dock Co., 7 % prem. H.K. C. & M. S. boat Co., \$7 die Shanghai Steam Navigation, Tla. 13 ex div. China Coast St. Nav. Co., Tls. 95, ex div. Hongkong Gas Co., \$70

Hongkong Hotel Co., \$65 China Sugar Refining Co., \$137 Chinese Imperial Loan of 1874, £113 of 1877, £110

Temperature.

(Taken at Messes Falconer & Co.'s Premises, Queen's Road.) Honerone, May 17, 1879. BAROMETER- 9 A.M.... ... 1 P.M.... 4 P.M. ... THERMOMETER—9 A.M.... 1 P.M.... (Wet bulb) 9 A.M. 81 Do. 1 p.m. 82 4 P. M. Do. Maximum

MEYOS. FOR TO-MORROW. Shipping.

Do. Minimum over night 81

10 a.m.—Hailoong leaves for Swatow, &c.

RELIGIOUS SERVICES :--

S. John's Cathedral - The Right Reverend Bishop Burdon; The Revd. R. Hayward Kidd, Colonial Chaplain. The German 3-masted schooner Delphin | Morning Service 11, Evening 5. Holy reports: Calms and light Southerly winds Communion on the first Sunday in the month. Wednesday, at 5.30 P.M., avening Prayer and Sermon.

> Military Service. - Rev. J. Benderson. officiating Military Chaplain. At 8 a.m. Morning Prayer, &c. Holy Communion on the second and fourth Sunday in the

Union Church.-Morning Service, Sailed from San Francisco April 19th at 11 a.m., Afternoon, 6 P.M. _ Divine Service 0.50 p.m., experienced strong S. W. winds in Chinese, 2-3 p.m. every Sunday, with to whole northerly gales to the 153 Merl. | communion on first Sunday of every month, -Rev. Dr. Chalmers.

ST. PETER'S SEAMEN'S CHURCH.-Rev. J. Henderson. Service at 6 P.M., every Sunday and Wednesday, All sents fres, Morning Prayer and Communion on the First Sunday in each month at 11 a.m.

ST. STEPHEN'S MISSION CHURCH,-Roy. A. B. Hutchinson, and Rev. Lo Sam Yuen. (All Services in Chinese.) Morning Prayer :- Litany, Ante-Communion, and Sermon, at 11 A.M. Bible Class, at 8 P.M. Presching, at 6.30 P.M. Boly Communion, 1st Sunday in Chinese month,

BERLIN FOUNDLING House. -- Service in the German language, by Pastor F. Klitake, every Sunday, at half-past ten A.M., in the Chapel of the Berlin Foundling House.

Sr. Josefh's Onunce, Garden Road In the morning, Mass at 8 o'clock,

MEMOS. FOR MONDAY. Shipping. 8 p.m. - Diamonts Ineves for Manila.

Amusement 8.80 p.m. -- Free Entertainment at Tem perance Hall, Stapley Street,

General Memoranda.

TUESDAY, May 20:-Noon.-English Mail leaves for Ports of Call and Europe. 3 p.m.—American Mail leaves for Yokohama and San Francisco. 3 p.m.—Confirmatory Meeting of Hongkong Fire Insurance Company.

9 p.m - Dramatic Performance at the Garrison Theatre. Wednesday, May 21 :---10 a.m. - Namou leaves for Coast Ports, 9 p.m.-Dramatic Performance at the Garrison Theatre.

Feiday, May 23:-Goods per Tigre undellvered after Noon subject to rent and landing charges. Monday, May 26:-

3 p.m.—Alaska leaves, ~ Tuesday, May 27:-French Mail leaves for Ports of Call and Europe.

Noon.—Tenders for Naval Yard work. WEDNESDAY, May 28:-Dividend of 5 % on Shares of Yangteze Insurance Association, payable at the office of Russell & Co.

SATURDAY, May 31:-3 p.m.—Occidental & Oriental S. S. Co.'s Steamer leaves for Yokohama and San Francisco.

2.30 P.M. Post-Office closes, but Letters HONGKONG DISPENSARY, Established A.D. 1841.

酒

WATSON & Co., FAMILY & DISPENSING CHEMIST WHOLESALS AND RETAIL DRUGGISTS,

DRUGGISTS' SUNDRIES. NURSERY REQUI-SITES, TOILET REQUISITES, ENGLISH, AMERICAN, AND FRENCH PATERT MEDICINES.

1MPORTERS

MANUFACTURERS Soda Water, Lemonade, Tonic Water, Gingerade, Potass Water, Sarsaparilla Water, and other Aerated Waters. The Manufactory is under direct and

Hongkong, June 1, 1876. The publication of this issue commenced € 8.10 p.m.

continuous Buropean Supervision.

BIRTH. On the 6th April, at Clyde House, Red Bill, Surrey, the Wife of John Hudson. of Yokohama, of a Daughter. MARRIAGE.

On the 8th April, at Lewisham, WILLIAM S. LOCKHART, late of Japan, of Granvillepark, Blackheath, to GERTRUDE, eldest Daughter of George Payne, of Astley-bank, Lewisham-hill.

THE CHINA MAIL.

HONGKONG, SATURDAY, MAY 17, 1879

Our attention has been drawn to the accounts of the Supreme Court, and to the total absence of any check upon the acts of the Official Assignee in reference to moneys placed in his hands. It may not be generally known that things are very nearly the same as they have always been, so far as system, or want of it, is concerned. People naturally supposed that the events of last year would have brought about the immediate inauguration of a system of check, under which the Court, the public and the Official Assignee himself would have been perfectly satisfied that further trouble or danger from any quarter was impossible. But this, so far as we can learn, is not the case. An auditor has been appointed -a Portuguese assistant from the Audit Office, we believe-whose duty seems to extend only to a discovery of the amount of cash received during the month. The real danger-which lies in at the call of the Official Assigneeseems to remain suntouched. The Colony is fortunate in the unimpeachableness of the present occupant of that post. But, under existing circumstances, what is there to prevent Mr Plunket's name from being forged to a cheque? and if such a daring transaction proved successful, where falls the loss except upon the poor creditors, who have hitherto been metaphorically served with "more kicks than halfpence" by the occupant of the Bench? Pending the report of the Commission regarding the Supreme Court being sent in and considered, it behaves the Executive, in conjunction with the Judicial authorities, at once to devise some means whereby absolute safety would be secured for all moneys lying at the order of the Official Assignee, for whose actions neither the Orown nor the Court appear to mocept any responsibility.

THE proposal made some time ago by a wealthy resident of this Colony, to erect a statue here in honour of Earl Beaconsfield has been declined by the Premier, with appropriate acknowledge. ments. The noble Earl rightly thinks that "stopied urn or animated bust," raised on his behalf, in this out-ofthe way corner of the earth, before he has passed away from the scene of be superseded; but until that time it is most his labours and successes, or even at any other time, would be rather out of specimen of map-printing will hold the first place; and he has most sensibly suggest place. Each prefecture is distinctly marked ed that the money should be expended with colours, after the manner of counties in a more useful way. This suggestion in England, and the districts again are teffects more honour upon the great states may statue could possibly the prefecture is defined. All the names of European element in our Police Free, may have done, as it will be the means of printed in Roman characters, and been name our lives and property tolerable.

students long after the present generation has given place to others. With the money originally intended for the statue, Mr Belilios, after consultation with competent advisers, has resolved to establish four substantial scholarships in Hongkong. There is probably not a more worthy object to which public munificence like that of Mr Belilios could be better applied than that of encouragements to education; and we entertain a hope that the task of raising the Central School to the rank, of a College will most likely be accomplished by such means, if other public-spirited residents follow the laudable example of the present donor. The sum funded for the "Belilios Scholarships" \$5336.33, and the annual interest available at present rates will be over \$400 per annum. The principal has been vested in three trustees, viz., H. E. Governor Hennessy, the Hon. P. Ryrie (senior member of the Legislative Council), and Dr Eitel (inspector of Government Schools). Two of these scholarships will be known as the "Belilios Medical Scholarship," and they seem to us to provide the means for taking the first step in a difficult matter of educational reform which has engaged the attention of previous Governors, as well as having especially attracted the notice of Mr Hennessy, and long been a favorite project ofthe present Head Master of the Central School. The Canton Hospital has for many years shown how readily intelligent | morning. Chinese youths take to Western medicine and surgery; and it is passing strange that Hongkong has never yet done anything in this direction. Now, however, that the movement has commenced, great things may in time be expected from this beginning rendered possible by the liberality of Mr Belilios. These two medical scholarships will each be worth \$100 per annum for three years, and the conditions of their award are as follow :--That the Tung Wah Hospital nominate six pupils of the Central School; that examiners, appointed by the Trusteer, subject those pupils to a competitive examination in the general branches of an English education; and that the two best out of the six pupils thus selected and examined, be then attached to the Government Civil Hospital for a regular course of medical study, under the Re hopes now to have seen the last of all its sident Surgeon and Colonial Surgeon, for a term of three years. No mention is yet made of remuneration to the Resident Surgeon for tuition; but that is a matter of detail which may fairly be left to the Government. The arrangement is one which will commend itself to all who value the extension of the Ir was generally understood that the higher branches of education, and will admirably provide for the inaugurationof a new order of things among the

native quackery of the Island. money available after providing for the two Medical Scholarships and attendant expenses; and they will be established upon the following conditions:—(a) The Central School Scholarloose system still followed regarding the ship.—That the Head Master shall select three pupils of his school; that the examiners appointed by the Trustees shall, by competitive examination, select from those three the best translator of Chinese into English and English into Chinese; and that the selected pupil who receives the scholarship shall remain in the Central School for three years. The St. Joseph Scholarship-That the Head Master of St. Joseph's College shall select three choose pupils of his school; that examiners appointed by the Trustees shall from those three the best general scholar; and that the scholar so selected shall receive the scholarship for three years. It will therefore be seen from the above that this well-timed munificence, in addition to the muchneeded opening for medical reform which it provides, will give a healthy stimulus to the study of Chinese and other subjects at the two principal educational the fact that large sums are continually institutions of the Colony, upon terms which cannot possibly be objected to by who has more than once held a command any one. Mr Belilios certainly deserves in the Company, takes the Spark. the warmest thanks of the community, not alone for the literality he has shown, but for the eminently satisfactory manner in which his generosity has been bestowed and divided.

> Map of the Province of Canton according to the Man of the Kwong-tung-t'u-shot, with coast-line taken from Navy charts and details supplied by several Protest ant Missionaries. By Rev. J. G. Loer cher. Sold at the Basis Mission, Westpoint, Hongkong. 1879. This large and finely-executed specimen

what Shakespears would have called "mappery" is probably the best result obtainable from the materials at present at the disposal of a map-maker of the Kwangtung Province. Drawn on a scale of 1-586,000; it has been engraved and beautifully printed in colours by Wurster, Randegger & Co., Winterthur, Switzerland. It measures about 6 feet by 5, and is procurable in two forms, as a rocket-map for travellers and as wall-map for schools and offices. Though from its size probably somewhat unwieldy for a traveller, it would doubtless prove most serviceable from the fact that the mountain and river systems are carefully defined. When a new survey of Canton province is carried out, and the inaccuracies that have been perpetuated and have accumulated during the last two centuries done probable that the present finely executed equippring a lasting benefit upon young less to that on the face of the may they laste.

seem like a problem without a key. This key, however, is now in the press, in the shape of a list of the places so numbered, in Ohinese characters and with the Mandarin pronunciation. Although open to objection from a scientific point of view, the mixed orthography of the names-the Panti, Hakka, or Hoklo pronunciation being generally given in accordance with the districts where each of these dialects may be spoken-will doubtless prove to be practically the most useful system which could have been adopted, especially to travellers. It will be remembered that the Hongkong Government gave a grant of \$500 towards the expense of printing this map, and Mr Loerober may be congratulated for having made a good use of the money. The Basle Missionary Society (of which Mr Loercher is a member) has, however, spent much more than that sum on its production; and the price (\$6) is not, therefore, an exorbitant sum. From the fact that the Island of Hainan is included. as a matter of course, there is a very large blank space in the South-East corner, which for the sake of appearances might have been utilized as to space by some useful information bearing on the province. As it is, however, Mr Loercher must be warmly congratulated upon the product of his labours.

LOCAL AND GENERAL

The next Australian Mails via Torres, Straits may be expected here on the 21st instant, per Brisbane.

THE delivery of the English mail was begun at 11 o'clock last night.—The delivery of the American mail was begun at 7.25 this

WE are requested by the Sheriff to mention that Jurors summoned for the Crim!. nal Sersions on the 19th instant, need not attend until Tuesday, the 20th instant, at

A PARADE and Inspection of the Volunteer and Government Fire Brigades will take place at the Central Fire Brigade Station at 5 p.m. on Tuesday, next the 20th lostant,

As we go to press we learn that three houses have fallen down in Gage Street, and some ten men are said to have been THE Scotch Constitution Lodge St. John

difficulties, "Bro. J. M. Emanuel, R. W. M. elect, Acting R. W. M., No. 618 S. C. Hougkong," having been installed at Shanghai, in the Lodge Cosmopolitan, No. 428 S.C. on the 12th inst.

"stern chase" hitherto made by the U.S. flagship Richmond after General Grant had at last been given up as hopeless; but such other two scholarships will be known does not seem to be the case. The flagship simply as the "Belilios Scholarships." has received orders to leave for Shanghai They will also be for three years, their on Monday morning; and in the event of value depending upon the amount of the General not being caught up there, the Richmond is to proceed up the Yangtze as far as Chefoo, where in all probability, and considering the speed of the Ashuelot, the runaway may at last be got hold of. Who will "bet" on the General now?

> WE notice that buildings are being erected at the Cosmopolitan Dock for machinery, and the Company will now soon be able to undertake all engineering work on the premises; formerly this had to be done outside, causing great inconvenience. Nest dwellings are also being built for the workpeople, and we may soon expect to see quite a little colony over there.

CAPTAIN T. T. Benning of the Kinshan goes home by the City of Tokio next Tuesday, and there will consequently be some alteration in the commands. Passengers to and from Canton will be glad to learn that Captain Carey goes back to the Kinshan, his old vessel; his place in the White Cloud being filled by Captain Hoyland of the Spark, whilst Captain Lefevre,

The restrictions placed on the sale of

keros ne oil must have a very marked effect on its consumption. China and Japan are two of the best markets for this useful but dangerous oil; the consumption, in fact, is so rapid that the dem nd frequently exceeds the supply and the business is very speculative in consequence of the rise and fall in prices. The restrictions placed on its sale here, although they will not materially effect its consumption on the mainland, will render this a very poor market for it, but as it is an ill wind that blows nobody good, the Gas Company will doubtless profit by the restriction. The consumption of gas will probably be increased by other means, for many of the new houses and shops in course of exection on the site of the fire are being fitted with gas-pipes, and we have heard there is so ne intention on the part of the Government to increase the number of street lamps by some 88 per cents We may hope that the Company, having a larger field to work on, will see the advise ability of reducing the price. Shanghai only pays \$3.50 per thousand, whilet Hongs kong is called on for \$4. The decrease in the constitution of kerosine will no doubt correspondingly decrease the risk of fire, and the increase of the public lights, if coupled

wounded in the memorable Winglok Street raid have received some reward for the gallantry they displayed, a mark of recognition they were unquestionably entitled to, but strange to say P. C. Campbell, who was really the only man who succee ed in | ment, we read in the Akta, at Seattle, in the | ness some twenty or thirty years ago, and running one of the miscreants to earth, and is therefore, one would think, doubly had done to call forth this evidence of ap- 6d. per dollar. At that time silver was to deserving of reward, has not been so lucky. It is more than probable that we are indebted to Campbell for our immunity has been running between this port and capital every six months to the very slight from a fresh attack, as had the rascals got off scot-free they would have been more emboldened to renew the experiment. and San Francisco. In 1858, when Captain of gold. This money belonged to the share-Campbell was in the thick of the scrimmage, and displayed not only great courage, but cool-headedness which perhaps is of far greater value than degmatic bravery; however much we may admire the latter. Campbell, as soon as he ascertained the nature of the disturbance, did not rush headlong into danger, but returning in haste to the Police Station, warned the others to arm themselves, and went scene of the disturbance determined to do his duty in a sensible manner. He bears we believe, an exceptionably good character for steadiness and scription, as following: " Presented sobriety, and has proved himself, over and over again, a most efficient and conscient and Seattle, as a slight recognition of his tions member of the force. We feel sure he has been passed lover only through an oversight, and hope that justice will yet be | Bay that a tribute of this kind could not be done in his case. While those who are ininred deserve our sympathy and some recognition, the successful man of the engagement should not be allowed to go " unhonoured and unsung."

THE following is the order of service at St. John's Cathedral to-m. rrow, (5th Sunday after Easter):

Morning Prayer, and Sermon, at 11 .-Reader, The Colonial Chaplain; Preacher, The Colonial Chaplain; First Lesson, Deuteronomy vi.; Second Lesson, John vl. to v. 22; Venite, No. 3 Monk; Psalms, Nos. 99 and 101 Monk; To Denm, No. 18 Monk; Jubilate, No. 125 Monk; Anthem. "How beautifut upon the mountains," No. 10; Hymn, "The King of love my shepherd is," No. 197.

kvening Prayer and Sermon, at 5 --Reader, The Colonial Chaplain; Preacher, The Colonial Chaplain; First Lesson, Deuteronomy ix.; Second Lesson, 2 Timothy 1. : Psalma, No. 102 Monk; Magnificat, No. 161 Monk: Nune Dimittis, No. 9 Monk; First Hymn, "Rock of Ages," No. 184; Second Hymn, "O strength and stay," No. 12.

THE usual fortnightly entertainment at the Temperance Hall will take place on Monday next, the 19th Instant, at 8.80 p.m. Admission being free, except for civilians who will be charged twenty cents. The following is the programme :-

1.—Planoforte Duet...... 3.—Violin Solo......The Harp that once. 4 .- Song. Within a mise o' Edinburgh town. 6.—Song, Guitar accompt....... 7.—Quartette, 8)

Violins and A Bello a me ritorna. Piano; 8.—Bong..... 9.—Reading..... A new Bab ballad.

BOOKED FOR HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI:-Por M. M. steamer Ya. gise, from Marseilles. April 20 :- Mr and Mrs Morris and onild, Mr and Mrs Auderson, Mr Carl

Mr Keller Roustan, for Shanglai.

Per steamer Glenfinlas, from London, April 9:- To Bongkong : Mr J. E. Gornes. To Shanghai: Dr and Mrs Mawbay and do not pretend to despise it. child, Mr C Meyer.

23rd April, according to Mesars W. G. Hale & Co.'s Circular, was 2,838,284 piculs, of which 1,511,445 piculs went to Hongkong and 847,083 piculs went to Singapore.

Wx would draw attention to the important letter from the Daily News, which appears in our sixth page. It relates to, and gives the details concerning the Russian expedition to Merv, which wi'l consist of from 2,000 to 3,000 men escorting an exploring party under the Grand Duke Nicholas Constantinovitch. The objects of this ex-Amn Darya in boats.

With regard to the proposed monster welcome to General Grant on his return to America, the following advices from Chicago, April 18th, are interesting !-

A Tribune Philadelphia, special says . The Councils to-day continued the Committee appointed by last year's body to prepare for the reception of General Grant at San Francisco, Colonel Charles Thomson Jones, who made the motion, said the Councils had decided when he left here they would receive him on his return, and it would be done. The General said he expected to make Philadelphia his home in the future, and the Colorel thought it no more than proper that the Councils should send a delegation to California to accort him home. He (the speaker) was going to Onlifornia whether applody else went or

A Tribune Albany special says 1 In the Assembly, yesterday, a fescittion was offered expressing pleasure at the honors paid ex-President orant, and recommending of the books avery six months being adjusted burg that on account of the great selects for his before the profit is struck. The british kill.

WE believe most of the men who were | past services, a committee of three Senators | capital proper, therefore, in the East of the and five Representatives tender him the Eastern banks which is subject to depreciahospitality of the State upon his return.

> -CAPTAIN H. G. Morse, who has been in the employ of the P. M. S. S. Co. for years. was the recipient lately of a high compliform of a presentation of a Jergensen watch. time piece, in the shape of a chronometer their credit." watch, which he now has in his possession. The watch presented to the Captain on this occasion was for his gentlemanly and courteous conduct, and as testimony of his pensions and the superannuation allowances being an able sea-Captain, and by the people of Puget Sound as a token of their have served at home and abroad. Amongst esteem. This last present bears an Captain H. G. Morse, of the steamship Dakota, by his friends of Port Townsend many noble qualities. March, 1879." personal acquaintance with the Captain, extending over many years, prompts us to made to a better man than Captain H. G.

WRITING about the Cotton Factory at Shanghai, the Echo says:-

The new industrial movement in China is

of import to all the manufacturing communities of the world. Long ago the Chinese-or those classes among them which had been brought more immediately under foreign influence—conquered their prejudices against the locomotive and the paddlewheel; but they obstinately adhered to the old forms of power and hand-loom weaving... Their next step upon the path of modern progress is to be the establishment of steam cotton-mills, in which, taught by the lesson of Japan, they will begin by employing European engineers. It has for many years been urged by men keenly conversant with the whole subject, that, unless we adapted our fabrics and prices more to the Chinese market, the Chinese would ultimately take the business out of our hands. Even in the matter of patterns, our Conservatism has largely failed to please them. Therefore they, or a section of the nation styling itself Young China, have resolved to open up fresh channels of native enterprise, and to create, in due season, a Manchester of their own. The commencement of this undertaking, no doubt, promises to be clumsy, and more fruitful in boasts than in results; but its promoters have the common-sense to perceive that, for three years, at any rate, they must work under English tutelage. But they threaten another innovation. They will cease, as soon the raw material abroad, and rely upon from Bombay. All this exhibits a tendency to bring the whole product, from the seedpod to the perfected fabric, within the command of their own hands, and, once set in motion, it can hardly be doubted the spirit of this enterprise will spread. course the economical and fiscal notions of the Chinese in connection with their latest industrial ambition are of the crudest; but petition. We have nothing, however, to

WRITING to the Pall Mall Gazette a corthorough practical knowledge of the subject, sends the following reply to the argument in Mr Wilson's "Banking Reform," directed to show that the Eastern Banks have lost by depreciation one-sixth of their capital. On this he says :- "First, the posits is also at the branches in the East.

tion is only that portion of the shareholders' capital raised in London which has been allotted to branches where there is a silver currency. This capital was allotted; so. much to each, as a permanent foundationand reserve upon which to commence busiwas passed in the books at the then generally-There was no special act that the Captain | adopted pars of 2s. per rupse and and 4s. preciation as a Captain, but it was a tribute | all intents and purposes a standard metal. in recognition of his gentlemanly conduct | steady and reliable in price; and it was not as the Captain of the Dakota, which steamer | then thought necessary to adjust this Puget Sound for several years past. Captain | variations of the price of bar silver, any Morse had been in command of the old- more than it would be thought necessary to style clippers trading between New York adjust capital in Australia to the variations of the clipper ship Polynesia, en route for holders, it was left permanently with the this city, his ship was dismantled by a bank, and cannot be reckoned at all in the hurricane. He rigged jury-masts and got same category as deposits left for fixed her into port in 155 days. In 1874, while periods and subject to withdrawal. On in command of the P. M. S. S. Co.'s steamer | this capital the banks may have to meet a Alaska, trading between this port and depreciation which formerly was never con-Hongkong, he saved his ship when she was | templated; but this is a mere flea-bite to struck by a hurricane, off the coast of the portentous sums which Mr Wilson deals Japan. His passengers, for his gallant in, and which are colculated to do such conduct, presented him with a first-class damage to institutions whose life's blood is

INCLUDED in the Civil Service Estimates for

China and Japan there is an account of the which are granted to retired officials who these we find the subjoined grants for ser vices in the Far East!—Sir Richard Graves MacDonnell, Governor of Hong Kong, £1,000; Sir Rutherford Alcock, British Minister in China, £1,550; the Rev. M. B. Bailey, Chaplain, Yokohama, £68; John Campbell, Medical Officer in Siam, £90; Charles St. George Cleverley, Surveyor-General at Hong Kong, £73; W. H. Fittock Consul at Ningpo, £507; J. B. Goddard First Assistant in China, £93; A. J. Gower. Consul at Hiogo, £544; A. S. Harvey, First Assistant China Consular Service, £147: F. | Harvey, Consul at Chinking, £420; H. F. Holt, Interpreter China Consular Service £145; Sir E. Hornby, Judge of the Supreme Court of China and Japan, £2,313; W. E King, Consul at Ichang, £528; Sir Walter Medhurst, Consul at Shanghai, £1,166 George Morrison, Consul at Nagasaki, £860 W. H. Pedder, Consul at Amoy, £702; E Solbe, Interpreter, China, £149; R. Swinhoe Consul at Ningpo, £560; P. B. Walsh, First Assistant in Japan, £85; C. A. Winchester, Consul and Shanghai, £816; G. A. Trotter, Clerk to Chief Justice at Hong Kong, £65 H. W. Parr, Harbour Master at Labuan, £50 The following are compensation grants made on abolition of offices, or reduction of salaries, &c.:--T. R. Colledge, Surgeon at Canton, £400; Rev. J. H. Gray, Chaplain at Canton, £150; Rev. George Hamilton, Chaplain at Foochow, £59; R. B. Jackson, Consul at Foochow, £600; A. R. Johnston, Secretary and Superintending Registrar in China, £600.

WE are so well-provided with burglars here

that a few words as to the best way of

treating these animals when one does come

Coghill, who is Medical Inspector of the

Coffee districts in Ceylon, has just had an

encounter, with a scamp who had entered

across them may not be out of place.

his house for burglarious purposes, which is not without its lessons. A window had been left open because of the heat, only half a shutter being closed. At this the as possible, they declare, from purchasing rudian appears to have made entrance. Mrs Coghill was awakened by hearing what she at twenty minutes past eleven o'clock last indigenous growths rather than upon imports | supposed was a rat upon her dressing table; and found the light was out. She rose with a view to re lighting the night lamp, and groping towards where it stood, both her hands held out in front of her, she to her terror got hold of the arm of some one. She at once called out for help, and her husband, springing up from his sleep, and bewildered by her screams and darkness, at first concluded she had been they are a people who, if they have been | dreaming; but he was assured there was a sometimes slow to learn from others, have | man in the room, for she had touched him. usually been beyond measure quick in Reaching the match-box, the Doctor lit a profiting by their own experience. How match, and by its light saw a man emergfar the general cotton market of the globe ling from under the bed, evidently making may in time be effected by the threatened for the window. Flinging down the lighted rivalry is a question of the future; but match and box, Dr. Coghill went for the China, as a region of steam cotton mills, sconndrel, a big, burly fellow of fully six instead of defective power and primitive feet, and they were at once engaged in a Stiebel, for Longkong. Mr A. G. Wo.d, hand-looms will assuredly take a different | desperate struggle for the mastery. The rank in the field of manufacturing com- Doctor hails from a good way beyond the Border, and boasts of a frame that would fear from her emulation, provided that we | do credit to any Highlander, and for nearly a quarter of an hour, whilst Mrs Coghill was screaming for help to a household buried in slumber, the robber and the defender of the house were engaged in a THE Export of Rice from Saigon up to the respondent, who, says the editor, has a sturdy encounter on the ground. The big brute of a thief struggled hard to escape, whilst his captor held him down in a grip like a vice, alternately choking him, and battering his head on the cemented floor, which must have stunned him to some extent. At the outset of the encounter, Banks of Bombay and Bengal are not liable | the ruffian managed to get the Doctor to pay a penny of English capital. They under him, but the latter, maddened by are Indian institutions; their capital was his wife's screams, made a desperate effort, raised in Indian rupees, and the whole of and succeeded in getting uppermost. After their deposits and liabilities to their share- the battery of his head had gone on for holders and the public are payable in rupess | some time the fellow suddenly ceased all -they received rupees and they have to efforts, and began to feel with his hands in pay rupees; and as a rupee is a rupee what- his weistcloth. Certain that his object ever the price of silver may be, depreciation | was to obtain possession of the inevitable does not apply to them. We may say the knife, Dr. Coghill, having no other means Chelamford and staff were going to Durban, pedition are to ascertain the most conve. same of the Hongkong and Shanghai Bank. of saving himself from deadly wounds, It is reported that Ekowe has been occupied nient route for a Central main railway, to It is a China institution, with branches in gouged the brute's eyes, on which the by the Zulus and that Cetywayo has retired Station. discover to what extent the Amu Darya is India. It was raised in China, its head latter, giving a deep grean of pain, seized beyond the Black Umvolosi river. The navigable, and wrether it can be restored files is there, and its capital is in dollars, the Doctor's wrists, but this was of no report that the Boers threatened to detain to its old bed so as to flow into the Caspian, and the great bulk of its deposits in dollars avail tonce more the hammering process Bir Bartle Frere is entirely unconfirmed. The expedition will go by way of Karatu- and inpees, not in any way affected by de- was resumed, and at that moment a crowd The obituary includes the name of Lieut. usi, Syrdarja, Tashkend, and Samarkand, preciation. It has an office in London, and of servants came in with lights, and secured Colonel Northey. and will follow the dontward course of the has no doubt some deposits from the British | the thief exhausted as he was. Dr. Coghill public; but I venture to say they are a lat once recognised the man as an old failsmall item in the aggregate of their business, bird whom he, when Superintendent of the which is properly in the East; and if aby o. | Convict establishment, had flogged, for | for the 2,000 Guineas is as follows: Charlthese deposits are used in the East, they escaping from a working party at Welicada are taken at their market value every six in April, 1872, whilst undergoing three i months as floating funds, before the profit | months' hard labour. He had been flogged | is struck, and depreciation need not there- often before and since He is a tall fellow, fore break the heart of that institution. half-Malay, half-Singalese, and is nowerful to Gundamak on the 23rd. It is reported The other Eastern banks are in the same and muscular. He had forced open an al- on good authority that it has been decided position, with one difference-their capital, mirah within a foot of the bed. Un the that is the shareholders' capital, is British | floor, upon the spot where the struggle had | chiefly guides and the 4th Gurkhas, will capital; but, as with the Hongkong Bank, taken place, was found a large claspknife proceed to Cabul, but Yakoob is making their turipers is properly in the East, not | with six inches of blade, all but opened: | difficulties which cause delay in the despatch in London , they do not profess to be Lon- about one-eighth of an inch more would don bankers. The great bulk of their de. have enabled the villain to have made short work of the Dostor, and this he confessed received and payable in rupees and dollars, | afterwards was his intention, but the attack and to which depreciation does not apply. on his eyes had forced him to drop the For convenience and expediency their head | knife at the critical moment, The scoundrel offices are in London, and there they have had the audacity to complain to the Chief also rec ived deposits, but they form a small | Justice on his visit the next day to the jail. modicum of the aggregate amount; and are, of the treatment he had received in the I believe, principally used and treated as struggle! There is a Supreme Court the floating business funds of the London | sentence of several years against him; and office, which are constantly moving to and he had also escaped from the jails at fro to the East at the rates of the day, any Bogambra, Manar, Galle, Hornegalle, and balance remaining in the East at the glosing | Colombo. He now stands charged with of the books every six months being adjusted. | burglary, forcible entry, and attempting to

Police Intelligence. (Before C. V. Creagh, Esq.) Saturday, 17th May.

THE CONSEQUENCES OF JEALOUSY. Lum Yat-ting, a painter, was charged with assaulting one Wo Wai-nam, a fortune-teller who described himself as doctor, and causing him to lose his watch, valued at \$7. It appeared from complain-c ant's evidence, that he and the defendant were both enamoured of the same fair dame, and naturally some jealousy arose between them. The doctor seems to have been the favoured swain, and his less favoured rival got some other men to assist him in giving the doctor a sound thrushing, they waylaying him for this purpose as he was leaving the house of the fair one. The men then ran away, and the poor bruised doctor found that in the struggle he had also lost has watch, valued at \$7. A chair coolie corroborated complainant's

statement; the defendant's version of the story was that the doctor was the aggressor. His Worship did not believe this, and ordered this victim to the green-eyed monster, to enter into his personal recognizance in \$30 to be of good behaviour for one year, and further ordered him to pay \$5 amends to the complainant, or go to gaol for five

.. STRAGGLERS. Hussin Alli, seaman S. S. Argyll, was ordered to be sent on board his ship as a straggler; he gave as an excuse for staying | Govan, Glasgow, and engined by Messrs away that he had been drunk.

ASSAULTING A CHAIR COOLIE. The remanded case in which Mr William Legge, broker, was charged with assaulting one Kwong Chun, his chair coolie, came

on again to-day. Yip Aka (P. C. No. 209), stated that he took the complainant to Dr. Ayres yesterday, and now produced the doctor's certificate, which was to the effect that the complainant had no marks which could have been caused last month, and that he had no signs of any recent beating. From structions received witness had taken the complainant to point out the Chinese doctor who had been treating him for his alleged injuries; complainant first said that he was in the street and could not be found, and subsequently that he had had no doctor, but that he had bought some medicine. ness had also made enquiries at his house, and the people said that he had never been laid up; he had gone in and out of the house every day as usual, but they could Li Fong Poo, has left that city for London, not say what he had been doing. Complainant lived in an opium house.

Defendant stated that a few days before he struck the complainant he had given him particular instructions to be at the Hotel at 11 o'clock, and he at that hour failed to put in appearance, thereby causing defendant considerable inconvenience; subsequently complainant was found in an opium

His Worship inflicted a fine of one dollar for the assault.

PETTY LARCENY. There were several cases of petty larceny amongst others one in which a coolie named Man Aluk was sent to ten days' hard labour for stealing a piece of bread from a basket. the property of the Military Authorities.

ANOTHER WING-LOK STREET AFFAIR. Li Ayat and twelve others, fishmongers and boatmen, were charged with being out without lights or passess in Wing-lok Street They all admitted the charge, stating that they were returning from the theatre. Fined 50 cents each.

AN OLD OFFENDER. Tsang Asze, a carpenter, was charged with stealing 300 cash from a hawker's basket at Praya East. He was pursued when detected, and jumped into the sea, but was finally caught by Chinese Constable No. 310, and taken to the station. He had been twice previously convicted for similar offences. He was now sentenced to six months' imprisonment, the first and last fourteen days in solitary confinement, and the rest with hard labour. He was ordered to be exposed in the stocks for six hours on the Recreation Ground, the day previous to composite screw sloops, at Devouport. his release.

NEWS BY THE ENGLISH

MAIL.

The P. & O. steamer Zambesi, Captain A. Symons, arrived yesterday evening with the London mail of the 11th April.

TELEGRAMS. (Straits Times.)

London, May 8 .- The Under Secretary for War, in reply to a question, said that a telegram received from Lord Chelmsford asked for further reinforcements but that Government awaits further details before any steps can be taken.

The Board of Trade returns of exports for last month continue very unfavorable.

(Indian Papers.) London, April 29.—Sir Garnet Wolseley returns to England in May in order to serve on a military commission. The latest advices from Capetown state that the garrison of Exowe arrived at the Tulega River. Lord Sona, April 29 .- Prince Battenberg has

been elected to the throne of Bulgaria. London, April 80,-The result of the race bet first, Cadogan second, and Bay on d'or

Calcutta, April 29.—Bucktear Khan, our latest messenger to Yakoob Khan, returned that a mission, accompanied by 500 troops, of this mission. It is asserted at Lundikotal that at our frontier line a large number of Mohmunds prossed the river on the 28th and threatened Dakks. The Mhairwars battalion was sont against them and severe fighting ensued; many Mhairwaras being killed and wounded. Subsequently further reinforcements had to be sent out.

Simla, April 80.- News from the front states that Yakoob Khan's affairs at Habul are in a very bad state. There have been no preparations to hold the Ghilzai passes. It has been perceived that a body of the guard at Kabul are armed with Suiders. and they have received one month's pay to Medeirs to Sierra Leone, and is thus avail- it would have met with further illustra-

Simla, April 29.—The mother of the late Abdulla Jan, and widow of the late Ameer Mazar-i-Shereef.

(L. and C. Express, April 11.)

It is announced that General Kouraptkin. the Governor of Kulja, has been summoned by telegraph from Turkestan to take part in the Imperial Commission, appointed to consider the Kulja Question. General Kou raptkin, who will represent the Ministry of War, is well known as an explorer of Kashgaria and as an author of a military and political work describing his Mission to the late Emir, Yakoob Beg, in 1875. Recently he has held the command of the Russian force cantoned along the Kashgarian fron-

At the meeting of the shareholders in the

Eastern Extension (Australasia and China)

Telegraph Company the report, was adopted.

and a dividend for the halt-year at the rateof 5 per cent. per annum declared. The sum of £44,112 has been carried to the reserved fund, which now stands at £75,017. Two fine steamers have lately been added to the fleet of the Hamburg line to China, the Electra and Lydia, which have been built at the Clyde by Messrs Dobie and Co. James Howden and Co., Glasgow. These vessels are specially adapted for the China trade, with all the newest inventions and practical arrangements. The Electra has Ioaded a full cargo, and left via Suez Canal for Penang, Singapore, Hongkong, and Shanghai. The Electra accomplished on her trial trip ten knots, well loaded, on a ver moderate consumption of coal. The Ludia. a sister ship of the Electra, launched about a fortnight ago, is now taking in her engines, and will be ready for sea at the end of the month. Both vessels have been built under special survey of the Bureau Veritas of the highest class. The dimensions are: -Length between perpendiculars. 260 feet; breadth, 32 feet; depth, 24 feet; gross register, 1,645.71 tons; net register. 1,054.23 tons; three deckships, with forecastle and poop, the latter containing the Balcon and accommodation for eighteen first-class passengers. Their cargo capacity is about 2.400 tons of tea. The Chinese Charge d'Affaires at Berlin.

on a visit to the Legation here. We are authorised to say that a statement which has appeared to the effect that he will proceed to Newcastle to negotiate for the purchase of a number of Armstrong guns for the Chinese Government is entirely without foundation.

We understand that a deputation will shortly wait on the Scoretary of State for Foreign Affairs to represent the desirability of the Government recognising the cession of territory in Borneo made over to Baron Overbeck and Messrs Alfred Dent and Co.

The Chinese Minister in London, the Marquis Tseng, has accepted an invitation to attend a banquet which will be given by the Lord Mayor on Easter Monday.

A telegram from Washington announces that ratifications of the Convention between the United States and Japan were exchanged on the 8th inst.

It is officially announced that the following ships for the Navy are being built in private and Government yards: - Agamemzon, 4. double serew, iron, armour plated turret ship; *Constance, 14, screw corvette, steel and iron, cased with wood; Doterel, 6. double screw, steel, armour-plated torpedo screw, iron, armour-plated turret-ship; Bouncer, 1, double screw, steel gun-boat; Bullfrog, 4, Cockchafer, 4, Espoir, 4, screw composite gun-boats; Gadfly, 1, and Griper, 1, double screw iron gun-boats; Insolent. 1. double screw steel gun-boat; Nautilus. and Pilot, 8, sailings brigs; Tickler, 1. double screw iron gun-boat; all at Pembroke. The Kingfisher, 6, composite screw sloop, at Sheerness. The Linnet, composite gun-vessel, and the Swift, double serew gun vessel, at the Thames Shipbuilding Company. The Miranda, 6, and the Phænix, 6,

The double-screw composite gun-vessel Dwarf has been commissioned at Portsmouth by Commander W. H. C. St. Clair, late of the Dædalus, with a crew of seventy-three. The original order that the Dwarf should proceed to China has been rescinded, and she will relieve the Swallow on the South African station.

gun-boat, is to be built at Pembroke.

The storeship Tyns, Commander J. E. Stokes, is at Woolwich, loading with a cargo of warlike and other stores for convevance to the Cape and China stations. crews of the Lily, Moorhen, and Sheldrake. The Nassau, 4, screw-sloop, Commander

Wm. M. Lang, recently arrived from China, will be paid off at Sheerness on the 21st The Pegasus, 6, composite sloop, Com-

mander the Hon. H. N. S. Hood, has returned to Plymouth, after a week's very satisfactory cruise in the Channel, After a slight refit she will proceed to the China

The correspondence and excitement in regard to India and China banks have been maintained, and in another column we give a report of the same. It is extremely unfortunate that the disclosures in regard to the value of assets in rupees were not made last year, but there is nothing in the constitution of the Oriental Bank Offices to warrant the enormous depreciation in the shares, which have been sold at £14 for the £25 paid-up, and only a few months since worth £40. Everything is very tranquil in sumption of that robe by the Royal the city, and there are no failures or even rumours to report at present.

The Tea market as regards home demand has quieted down, and dealers have confined their buying to special wants, but there are large orders current for the Continent up to 8d. per lb. After the Easter holidays a brisk business may be expected. The export for the week is again over 1,000,000 Ibs. of Congou, and the stock already is much under the average of former years, while the range of prices is considerably

Mr Charles Henry Oliver, who left by the French steamer Iraquaddy for Shanghai, has undertaken the duties of the English professor at Peking:

In compliance with instructions from the Admiralty, the Encounter of fourteen guns. which was on her passage to China, vid the Cape of Good Hupe, has proceeded from conclinate them. Numerous describes of able should any serious difficulty arise in thoma of the littlement of the most sublime

men and officers are reported. The troops | consequence of the action of the French auin Tarkistan who threatened to plunder the | thorities in taking possession of the island of late Ameer's treasury have been appeared | Matacong. The Encounter is the largest by a grant of fourteen months' pay. The ship of war of any nation now on the West Bandakshan disturbances are becoming | Coast of Africa, excepting the United States vessel Ticonderoga.

Advices from Rio de Janeiro, dated March 18th (by telegraph from Lisbon), state that Shere Ali, has returned to Kabul from the Premier has announced his intention to open negotiations for a treaty with China for the purpose of obtaining a supply of agricultural labourers. Brazil will send a squadron of instruction to China and Japan to accompany the mission for the negotiation of the

> Advices from Amsterdam, (April 8th.) mention that in the final setting of the second chamber, Mr. J.-G. de Bruyn, the new member for the district of Bois-le-Duc. adopted the interpellation of Mr De Casembroot respecting the harbour works of Bata-He wishes to know how much money will be wanted, and whether the harbour will be effective. He, moreover, wished to know how many lives had been lost in these works. The Minister, Mr Otto Van Rees, declined to answer the question fully, but he assured the Chamber that the estimated cost -thirty millions of florins-would not be exceeded, and he further stated that the sanitary condition of the workmen was satis-

> Latest Mail Advices:-Yokohama (via San Francisco), Mar. 4: Shanghai, Feb. 22: Foochow, Feb. 22; and Hongkong, Mar. 1. The advices dated as above, from China and the Straits Settlements, were received by the P. & O. Mail via Brindisi. on the 7th instant, and from Japan, via San Francisco. on the 9th inst. The next inward French mail, bringing a week's later dates, left Marseilles yesterday, and will reach London to-morrow, two days early.

In the House of Commons (April 1st) Mr Goschen asked the Postmaster-General what had been the number and the amount of the penalties incurred by the P. and O. Company for late arrivals since the year 1874, when the present contract commenced under the absolute penalty system now in force, and what would have been the number and amount of the premiums which the company would have been entitled to for early arrivals of mails during the same period if the clause admitting such premiums, calculated as usual at half the amount only of the penalties in each case. had not been struck out by the Postmester-General when the last contract was renewed.—Lord J. Manners in reply said, since the present contract with the P. and O. Company commenced, in 1874, there have been 117 voyages on which penalties were incurred amounting to £82,300. Had premiums, calcutated at half the amount of penalties in each case, been stipulated for in the contract, there would have been earned by the company on 644 voyages, during the same period, the sum of

THE QUEEN AS A WOMAN OF BUSINESS. (Time.) -

The celebration of the marriage between the Duke of Connaught and the Princess Louise Marguerite of Prussia on the 13th of March possessed one distinguishing feature in virtue of which it was unique. This feature was the persocal presence of Queen Victoria in the midst of the bridal processions which, successively entering through the western portals, filed past rows of intently gazing spectators, themselves constituting, from the brilliant variety of their uniforms composite screw aloop; and the Polyphemus, and costumes, one unbroken biaze of magnificence. The nuptials of the Prince ram, all at Chatham. The Ajax, 4, double of Wales and of the Princess Louise, held in the same building, were not, indeed, unwitnessed by her Majesty; but on both occasions the Sovereign sat apart, wrapped in the gloom of mourning for a grief of which the first bitterness could hardly be said to have passed away. Actually to behold, on the occasion of the wedding of her third son, the Sovereign, and to note the reception of mute but profound reverence which awaited her as she reached her place just outside the altarrails, was to appreciate in some degree other ship, the Pincher, 1, double screw iron the reality of that hereditary monarchy under which we live. With slow measured step, whose silent cadences seemed attuned to the welcoming strains of music, her Majesty walked slowly up the nave, through the choir, till the haut pas was reached. No robes of state were worn; no diadem nor symbol of the imperial crown of Great Britain was visible in the head dress of white orane. intricately associated with a veil of the same material, that reached even to the will afterwards embark at Portsmouth the ground. The blue ribbon of the Garter seamen and marines for China to relieve the | was the only contrast to the plain black and white of the costume. Previously there had advanced to their respective positions Princes of the Blood Royal of England, the heirs or nearest relatives of the great empires of the Continent. the most august ambassadors of foreign powers, the representatives of all that is ancient, wealthy, brilliant, and powerful in the peerage of England. The Queen of England alone was greeted by the lowest of obeisances, and the profoundest reverence was done to her, not only by her nobles and her councillors, but by those allied to her by the nearest ties of consunguinity. When the bridge ceremony was over, her Majesty, just before leaving the nave, was observed to don an ermine cloak-for there was a nin-

> heritage of the Royal House of England. the Queen extended her hand to a distinguished General, who stood close beside, and who appeared almost overcome at the supreme honour. Had the public eye been permitted to follow her Majesty from St. George's Chapel into the chambers of the Castle

ping north-east wind without. The as-

wearer was itself a high function of

State. The collective efforts of four

Court officials were required to place it

upon her Majesty's shoulders, and one

may be sure that there was no single

stage in the operation which had not

been carefully rehearsed and practised

beforehand. A minute afterwards in

that spirit of thoughtful kindliness which,

as much as the throne, is the inalienable

vest the visible incarnation of kingship | Government of the day.

with a more than human virtue. the crowning ornament of the Constitu-

of mufti. of intelligence flow from the drawing- fully and completely unfolded before him room, the senate, the club, the country forthwith. house, into the very penetralia of the of tidings? What the precise place accomplishing so much because she adto the world at large. At Windsor, at may be ranked. Her Majesty has exparticular moment upon the Sovereign way, the Sovereign would not, as a way that friends, acquaintences, and east of Europe; and, except in that In all probability the name and nature matter of course, confer with a Minister connections write to each other in or of these agencies will never transpire, of State. But when the announcement dinary life. But even this communical against Mery will, as I understand, not Thou-England's England-loving daughter When the sectet history of the Court of made is of a weightler character—a come tion only reaches its proud destination now be carried out.

in comparison with Royalty. The agents the throng of England has been written without the approval of the Cabinet or German-Embassy in London, would then said he will carry out the Treaty of and emissaries of foreign kings and em- already, it will not be discovered that of the chief of the Cabinet. perors were not admitted to the secret any individual member of the Royal One day being deducted as above for and would travel from the Foreign Office plainest intimation has been given to his chamber in which the feast of Royalty household who fills an official position, the despatch of the private business of to Balmoral in one of the above-mentioned | Ministers that he will not allow any was held; and the smallest of princelings such as that which Sir Herbert Taylor Royalty, there remain five working days boxes. In the same way will the letters of proposals or discussions with any other was, for the hour, at least in that august occupied in the Court of William IV., for the despatch of the business of the those members of the Royal Family who view. Accordingly the Russian troops neighbourhood, of more account than has exercised anything like Sir Herbert State. If any one wishes to form an may from time to time be abroad, or for the will be withdrawn from Roumelia and points out, Mr Tennyson's greatness does they. Thus it is that these great state- Taylor's power. Neither, to speak the idea of the manner in which the material matter of that at home. The Prince of Bulgaria by the time stipulated in the not lie in his war songs. There is nothing shows, which occur once or twice in a plain truth, has her Majesty had at her for this imperial industry is provided for Wales may employ the penny post in Treaty. On the other hand, there is a generation, have a distinctly educating disposal a mind of equal ability. Taylor the Sovereign, it will not be amiss that writing to an acquaintance. His Royal well-spread feeling in unofficial as well value—they suggest the contact between was something more than a Sovereign's be should be aware of what takes place | Highness has resort to the state-boxes as official circles, that, when the decorative principle and the working secretary; he was a statesman in a pa- slmost daily in the great offices of State when he addresses his august Mother, Russian troops are withdrawn from machinery of the British Constitution; lace; and the fact, little known as it is, in London. The Queen can only be said and the letter is usually enclosed under Eastern Roumelia disorders will arise, real blood. He is less the poet of action they point out to us the fact that, whee that after the death of his Royal Master to hear the postman's knock metaphori- cover to the Queen's secretary. ther we do or do not recognise the divine he received the offer of the General cally. The letter-bags which make their There is not one paper in these boxes tained of renewed massacres, with the right of kings, there are times when, not Governorship of India sufficiently shows way to the foot of the throne are boxes which the Queen will fail to examine. return of the Turkish troops, while there merely in theory, but in practice, we in- the esteem in which he was held by the that have been carefully packed at the On many she will ask for more informal appears to be no security for the

But though the English Monarch be Queen, for the office which Sir Herbert they respectively belong to Windsor, or the limits of a sheet of notepaper. Here a telegram from General Todleben, who Taylor filled in relation to William IV., Balmoral, or Osborne by Queen's mes- we have enough business to occupy all had left for Odessa, stating he could tion, personally associated more with must be found in the duties so indefati- sengers, as are the despatches to foreign the working hours of every day in the not answer for the Russian army if fresh ideas of dignity and splendour than of gably discharged by the illustrious Prince powers. But the Queen's messenger, Monarch's life. Yet even thus the list massacres occurred. Under these cirtoil, it is a grievous mistake to suppose | who died upwards of seventeen years | who is never sent on duty outside the of her Majesty's engagements is not cumstances, much as peace is desired, that the lot of British Royalty is, has ago; and the best and most historical four seas, is a much lowlier personage exhausted. She has an interview with telegrams were sent ten days ago not to been, or can be exempt from labour. evidence which we have at the present than the Queen's messenger with whom the Secretary of State in attendance, and demobilize the regiments at Sebastopol All the assistance which energy and in time of the magnitude of the business of we have been made familiar in the novels it is not improbable that she will discuss and Odessa, and proposals have been genuity can lend to the accomplishment Royalty is to be found in the record of of Charles Lever, and is, in fact, a trusty a little more business with him later in made for a mixed occupation of Roumeof work, her Majesty, indeed, commands: the Prince Consort's labours. Now this representative of the porter class with a the day at dinner. Nor does evening lia. Pending the acceptance of such an nor without such assistance could the is not an attempt to estimate the place salary perhaps of 150l. a year. What, necessarily or always bring the toils of arrangement, the army will not leave duties of her station be performed. In of the Queen in the English Constitution. we may venture to inquire, are the con- monarchy to a close. Parliament per- the Danube, and rather than suffer Women and children among us, God help what, it may be said, do these duties, as Nevertheless it may be well to preface tents of these black and red leather haps is sitting; and miles away, at massacres to be renewed, war should be a matter of fact, consist; and what are some account of what she actually does, cases & Some are the letters of Ministers, Westminister, there is a gentleman who recommenced. With a well-known the relations which they involve between and of the manner in which she does it, others are drafts of documents forwarded will be busily engaged till the debate is leaning to peace, the former alternative the Sovereign and her responsible Mi- with a statement of what she might and for her Majesty's approval, and subse- over in sending to Balmoral short "cannot and will not be suffered;" such nisters and servants on the one hand, can do. 'Not to mention,' writes Mr. | quently to be transmitted to the capitals | telegraphic bulletins of the progress of has been the language used. It has been and the Sovereign and the mass of her Bagehot, other things, she could disband of Europe. Others, again, are papers the discussion, and of the general feeling, difficult to doubt that with a general people on the other? There is a sense the army; she could dismiss all the for the Royal signature, and of a if the subject be of an exceptionally desire to bring about a peaceful solution, in which it may be said not only that officers, from the general commanding character to which her Majesty's name important character, which it seems to and with intermediaries such as Lord the Sovereign is, from a constitutional in chief downwards; she could dismiss may be appended on other occasions than evoke. Up to seven or eight o'clock Dufferin and Count Schouvaloff, with point of view infallible, but that she is all the sailors too; she could sell off all in council. In something more than in this assiduous chronicler of contemporary all their reasonableness, resource, and tact omniscient. No public event of any im- our ships of war and all our naval stores; theory the Queen is supreme head of parliamentary history has been in and in conducting negociations, some modus portance takes place, of the antecedents, she could make a peace by the sacrifice every office of State. Most of the out of the lobby and the House itself, vivendi would be found that would be circumstances, and character of each of Cornwall, and begin a war for the business conducted in these establish clad in a gray frock coat, with a superb generally accepted. I trust, therefore, individual actor in which, the Sovereign | conquest of Brittany. She could make | ments is routine business—departmental | flower in his button-hole. He is very | that there was a substantial basis for the is not accurately informed. The Queen every citizen in the United Kingdom, work about the conduct of which there active, very good-natured, and he misses information I telegraphed you to-day as never forgets a name, a countenance, or male and female, a peer; she could make can be no doubt. Such affairs as these nothing. He is, in fact, none other furnished by a well-informed correspondan incident. Ladies whose husbands every parish in the United Kingdom a would not, it may safely be said, be retain Lord Barrington, her Majesty's ent of the Golos at Vienna, viz., that the are filling high, but comparatively ob- university; she could dismiss most of ferred to the Sovereign. But her Majesty Vice-Chamberlain. When he strolls Governments most interested in the scure posts in remote colonies visit En. | the civil servants; she could pardon all | would expect to be kept informed of any | into the Senate again, after dinner, | Eastern Question were agreed respecting gland, are invited to Court, are received offenders. In a word, the Queen could, questions whose settlement involves having exchanged the frock-coat for the an occupation of Roumelia by Russian, by the Queen, and are astonished to find by prerogative, upset all the action of fundamental principles of administration; evening suit, he may find there is English, Austrian, Italian, and perhaps that Royalty is acquainted with the ser- civil government within the Government; The relation of the Queen to the nothing more to do, or, on the other Turkish troops. Should, however, any vices and the successes or misfortunes of could disgrace the nation by a bad war Ministers and to the different depart hand, he may continue to despatch these or all such arrangements be found assault their own relatives, and the relatives of or peace, and could, by disbanding our ments of imperial affairs can scarcely be relays of brief abstracts till the small impracticable, whether owing to Turkish Surging and swaying all round us, as ocean their lords and masters. The Lord forces, whether land or sea, leave us better described than by saying that hours. The Queen thus knows what has obstinacy, or any other insuperable Chamberlain submits to the Sovereign a defenceless against foreign nations.' Let while the Sovereign may not know all taken place in either chamber of the difficulty, it is to be hoped that, by the Plunges and heaves at a bank that is daily list of names for presentation at Court, us contrast the practice with the theory. that is in progress at the Foreign Office, Legislature long before her subjects; appointment of a Christian governor, drown'd by the tide— We are told sometimes that the Royal Just as, in the great affairs of State, the the India Office, or the Colonial Office, and it is, indeed, only by a combination or in some way, a reasonable guarantee are all sketched in vivid colours. Then the revision is a mere form. Never could presence of a permanent under-secretary she demands that the means of knowing of expedition and method, of indefatig- and assurance will be given as to the poet works himself up into a keen tension of there be a greater delusion. It is of is a guarantee that, in some respects and shall be always within her reach. course conceivable that there have been | within certain limits, there will be a periods of exceptional trial when her continuity of policy between the out- reader may imagine are now on their that her Majesty has justly achieved the doubted that if-just as General Skobe-Majesty has not personally criticised the going and in coming parliamentary Mini- way to the abode of the Sovereign in the reputation of being a model woman of leff, when leaving Adrianople with the details of the programme. But such per ster, so does the knowledge of the riods are the rare exceptions. If the Sovereign afford a small, but still a real, night express in the direction of the tional monarch. Minister of State who is responsible security that in matters of procedure and generally for the conduct of state cere- ceremonial, if not in weightier affairs, monies, fancies—what indeed as a matter | the action of successive Cabinets shall be | of fact he is far too well informed to brought into some degree of mutual fancy-that this catalogue of patronymics | accord. The Queen may not aim at | council; some the ratification of measures is one of empty sounds and meaningless directing the policy of her commit ee of passed in Colonial Parliaments; some vocables, he will err grievously. How- Government. But the occasions are fre- Royal Proclamations; some documents ever low the tone in which gossip may | quent in which she instructs those of the | that relate to the assembling, prorogation, | murmur or scandal may insinuate, its members of that committee with whom whispered echo fails not to reach the she is brought into contact on points of throne. In the Arabian tales we read order, formality, and etiquette. The Sehow Sultan and Grand Vizious used to cretary of State in attendance, we will pass their evenings in mixing with the suppose, is conferring with her Majesty masses, their identity the while being on some matter of imperial momentdiscreetly and impenetrably disguised. it may be the despatch of a letter to a English Sovereignty does not practise foreign potentate, or the supersession of impossible eccentricities, but it knows some chief officer of the British Crown quite as much of what the multitude, in a distant dependency. The statesman whom it rules, thinks or says, as any may be ignorant of the precise steps to Asiatic potentate gathered in the course | be taken, of the technical details, that is, of his nocturnal wanderings in the guise of the procedure to be followed. Not so the Sovereign. 'I can tell you at once,' Where may we look for the channels | remarks the Royal Lady to the perplexed along whose beds these constant streams | Minister, and the official programme is

All, or very nearly all, of the more palace? What are the style and title of essential work that the Prince Consort these Ministers the business of whose | did for her Majesty, the Sovereign does existence it is to carry such a succession for herself; and she only succeeds in assigned in the hierarchy of the Court to | dresses herself to it methodically. Thus, these faithful agents, who bring to the | whether at Windsor or Osborne, or in Sovereign the knowledge of things good | Scotland, the Queen has special hours and evil? Their names will to no pur- and special days for particular departpose be looked for in any published list | ments of her work. Family administraof the officers of State. In some in- | tion and imperial administration are the stances their very existence is unknown two chief heads under which these duties of the Cabinet in the sight of the will any hostile expedition be sent Balmoral, at Osborne, they may be sel- tensive family connections throughout dom seen. It would be an abuse of the whole of Europe. These she main. language to speak of these loyal servants | tains by an active correspondence; and of the Sovereign as secret agents; but the whole of one day in the week is their operations are invisible or are devoted to writing letters to absent reattached to the Queen a female attendant of Royalty not less exacting. All acdocument of State; yet this gentlewoman mates of expenditure, are, in some shape the Sovereign; but it is a fixed tradition last letter I mentioned that the opinion was incessantly busy with the work of or other, personally presented to the of the Constitution that he should not at the Ministry of War and at her Royal Mistress; was perpetually Queen. Midway between this comprereading letters and suggesting replies; hensive class of occupations and the drawing up reports, sifting news, digest- active duties of an imperial crown, there difficulties. ing information of every kind. On such is an immense number of miscellaneous occasions as she took her place among transactions to be disposed of. The offithe other satellites of the Court, she was cials about the Court are besieged by contains the Royal messenger and his ing from its base of operations in the absolutely ailent, apparently listless and telegrams from the outside world; and indifferent, and a little deaf; but no it is rare indeed when, even in the depth thing which was ever traced on the of the long vacation at Balmoral, they tablets of that memory was obliterated, reach a smaller daily total than fifty, the Scotch mountains. Balmoral is war is stated to be in a melancholy conlonger; but aubstitutes, one may be these enter the Royal presence; but day, and the Queen is seated in the tent now the seeds of disaffection and hostisure, are not wanting, and the close those which do reach the throne invari- on the lawn, where she frequently lity, so that unless a more just and a places of the earth are as little hid as ably require consideration, and usually breakfasts in the warm weather, and wiser administration is maintained the ever from the Sovereign's gaze. Where receive a reply. Thus it is that the remains for bours by herself or with her new country will be a source of weakness knowledge is there will also be power; Queen gives three hours a week, on ladies. The sorting of the contents of instead of strength. Clearly consoliand a monarch's counsellors, who are alternate days, to the attention of tele- the colossal mail-bag will take upwards dation is wanted, not extension—an the main source of a monarch's grams alone. Closely allied with this of an Honr, and then her Majesty will be improved and ever improving adminis-Information in a thousand-and-one work is that of the despatch of messages informed that all is ready. Many letters tration rather than the constant acquisipetty affairs of life, cannot be from the Crown to its subjects. In are left for Royal hands to open. Thus tion of new territories at an increasing expected to be devoid of influence, most cases the Sovereign acts in this a foreign Sovereign, or one of the Queen's distance from the centre of influence and But inaumuch as the identity of these matter entirely on her own initiative, children, or it may even be one of government. On every account it is to bounsellors is not known to the outer If it was a domestic disaster, an her subjects, whom she honours with be hoped that the European difficulties world, it is impossible to say what are accident by land or sea, an explo- her friendship, has addressed the minor forces brought to bear at any sion in a coal-mine, a collision on a rail epistle to her Majesty, in the same of war be again unloosed in the south-

different departments in Whitehall. They tion; on some she will give definite application of the reforms promised. The The real equivalent, in the case of the are conveyed from the offices to which opinions which cannot be confined within strongest impression has been created by

> Scotch Border, or of the Solent, or of the most magnificently Royal castle in the world, they are of a very varied character. Some are copies of orders in ment at Westminster. Others, again, ation as to the proposed Central Asian are forms for giving effect to treaties, for Expedition. Such an expedition will

Border; and before it has arrived at difficulty there. The new territory added Queen Victoria-noble and blameless munication of encouragement addressed by a slightly circuitous route; The

rank and the proudest official authority written, as that of her predecessor on time of war—nothing would be done Kaiser would first go to the Russian or It is well known that the Emperor has be sent to the Foreign Office in Whitehall, Berlin, and having loyally said this, the

able industry, facilitated and economised future good government of Eastern As for the official papers, which the by precise, loyal, and punctual service, Roumelia. Moreover, it can scarcely be custody of a messenger, whirled by the business as well as a pattern constitu- last of the Russian army, and receiving

JAMES M'CREA.

THE PROPOSED RUSSIAN EX-PEDITION TO MERV. (Daily News Correspondent.)

St. Petersburg, March 28.

extending the terms of patents, for take place under any circumstances. " I granting charters of incorporation to the Eastern Roumelian difficulty is companies, for proclaiming ports and settled satisfactorily, no hostile movefairs, for deciding causes on appeal, for ment against Merv will be made, and creating ecclesiastical districts, for grant- the expedition will have quite another ing exemptions from the law of mort- aspect. A force of 2,000 to 3,000 men main. Then there are the private letters | will escort an exploring mission which of Ministers to her Majesty; every is being prepared under the Grand Duke proceedings of the Bulgarian Assembly parliamentary chief of every department | Nicolai Constantinovitch to visit Merv in the State periodically reports himself and obtain information as to its capabiand the condition of his office to the lities and resources of every kind-no Queen. The penmanship and prepara- Russian officers up to the present time tion of these papers is a task of some | having visited Merv. It will be part of ceremony. Each one commences in the the duty of this expedition to examine same way: 'Lord ---' or 'Sir --- | the ancient bed of the Amou Daria, and presents his humble duty to your make the necessary investigations in Majesty. Each must, according to the order to ascertain the practicability (or intended journey to Livadia, which was laws of an inflexible etiquette, be written otherwise) of establishing water commuwithout erasure or correction. None nication between the markets of Russia must be folded. Failure to comply with and those of Central Asia, and especially any one of these conditions would argue with this view the co-operation of the disrespect to the Sovereign. Naturally Imperial Geographical Society has been the Prime Minister has occasion to be in | requested and will be given. Only in more constant communication with the the contingency of the present critical Sovereign than any other member of the phase of the Eastern question passing Cabinet: he is, in fact, the embodiment | beyond the reach of diplomatic solution Crown. In its relation to the Sovereign against Merv. In such case it will con. the Cabinet is an absolute and indivisible sist of 50,000 men drawn from the unity; nor can a Premier be guilty of various regiments which now comprise an act more reprehensible in itself and the army of the Caupasus, and which in its tendency than when he informs numbers 130,000 men of all ranks. The the Sovereign of the specific causes of organization of such a force, and the ignored. For many years there was latives. There are other private affairs difficulty which he may encounter with necessary equipment for such an expedihis Cabinet. That difficulties exist he tion, are as yet, I am informed, in emwhose name certainly appears in no counts, all bankers' pass-books, all esti may, sometimes indeed must, confess to bryo or scarcely at all advanced. In my thus arrested, and if such persons are associate the names of particular col- Foreign Office, where this expedition leagues with the existence of these originated and met with strenuous advocacy, is that the capture of Mery would Meanwhile, the train, which we may be an easy and striking success. But assume is bound due north, and which that is not the universal opinion. Start-Perth, day has broken over the tops of to this Government since the close of the This aid to Royal knowledge exists no A comparatively slight proportion of reached at last. It is a sweet summer dition. Oppression in various forms will Dead Princess, living Power, if that, which an will not become aggravated, and the dogs.

by Prince Dondukoff Korsakoff in Eastern Roumelia, and the Roumeliotes are namistakably informed that the Since my last letter I have received its integrity, while at the same time the or dissolution of the Imperial Parlia- from a good source the following inform. English Commissioners unite with the Russian authorities in giving the fullest assurances that the just rights and liberties of the Christians shall respected, it can scarcely be doubted. say, that under these circumstances the difficulties at present so seriously apprehended might, in a great measure, if not altogether, disappear. The decided change that immediately occurred in the when they were notified by President that they had the work to do instead of presenting addresses, is an illustration of what might be expected from timely and clear admonitions on the part of the Russian administrators of Roumelia. With this question still open, the

the Bulgarian deputation, with their

the Sultan "-a similar line is adopted

to have taken place about the middle of this month, has been deferred until next month. The idea at the present moment of intention may occur in consequence of the attempted assassination of General Drenteln a few days ago. A large number of arrests is said to have been made, including four "Conseillers d'Etat Actuel," their wives, and one son, a student. The official rank of these persons is, I imagine, something like that of Privy Councillor in England. It is higher than a "Conseiller d'Etat" (simply), and confers the title of Excellency. I am informed that this is the really implicated in this Nihilist conspiracies, it is indeed a grave matter.

MR. TENNYSON'S NEW POEM.

The Nineteenth Century for April contains a poem by Mr. Tennyson on the Defence of Lucknow, to which he has prefixed some precious freight of boxes, has crossed the Caucasus, there are serious elements of dedicatory lines in commemoration of the late Princess Alice. The association is perhaps not very close. The dedicatory poemto the Princess runs thus !-

> True life, live on-and if the fetal kiss, Born of true life and love, divorce thee not From earthly love and life-if what we call The spirit flash not all at once from out

This shadew into Substance—then perhaps The mellow'd murmur of the people's praise From thine own State, and all our breadth

Where Love and Longing dress thy deeds in

Thy soldier-brother's bridel orange-bloom Break thro' the yews and cypress of thy And thine Imperial mother smile again,

May send one ray to thee! and who can

besord as it will prove-comes to he to a military or nevel commander in estograph communication of the Open or purely imaginary one of late, Borns on thy commander is he san errors

. But that some broken gleam from our poor May touch thee, while remembering thee, I lay At thy pale feet this ballad of the deeds Of England, and her banner in the East?" 'The "Siege of Lucknow" has many fine lines and exquisitely conceived and expressed of the rush and swing and hurly-burly of battle in his verses. His combats are the combats of ghosts, sheering the thin air and than of dreamy meditation. A woman's ecstatic admiration of heroism, rather than the manly impulse to it, seems to find expression in his delicate and finelyspun verse. His poem is the perfection of literary art; it is full of fine perception and lofty feeling; but it lacks that breath of life which makes a song a weapon The poem on the defence of Lucknow is written in a somewhat uncommon and complex rhythm, and sets out with an apostrophe to the banner of England, which floated never with mightier glory than when we had reared thee on high" over the topmost roofs of beleaguered Lucknow. There then follows a description of the perilous situs.

Frail were the works that defended the hold

them, our children and wives! Hold it we might-and for fifteen days or for twenty at most. "Never surrender, I charge you; but every

man die at his post !" Voice of the dead whom we loved, our Lawrence the best of the brave: Cold were his brows when we kiss'd himwe laid him that night in his grave.

Every man die at his post!" and there hail'd on our houses and halls Death from their rifle-bullets, and death from their cannon-balls, Death in our innermost chamber, and death at our slight barricade,

Death while we stood with musket, and death while we stoopt to the spade, Death to the dying, and wounds to the wounded, for often there fell Striking the hospital wall, orashing thro' it, their shot and their shell.

The dangers of the garrison from treason, from the mine of the " murderous mole"so Mr Tennyson describes the Sepoy sapper -and from shot and shell and from direct

tragic feeling as his imagination bodies forth the terrible position of the British-awestruck but not cowed by the dark fate that lowered over them:

Handful of men as we were, we were English in heart and in limb, Strong with the strength of the race to com-Bishop, at the gate, leaving the city, mand, to obey, to endure, exhorted them "to obey their sovereign Each of us fought as if hope for the garrison hung but on him; Still—could we watch at all points? we were

every day fewer and fewer. There was a whisper among us, but only a Treaty of Berlin must be carried out in Children and wives—if the tigers leap into the fold unawares— Every man die at his post-and the foe may

outlive us at last Better to fall by the hands that they love, than to fall into theirs!" And yet the subject race was not altogether tigerish, for, like Abdiel, the Sikh

"faithful amid the faithless stood," and to him the merited meed of praise is generously accorded, -Praise to our Indian brothers, and let the dark face have his due!

Thanks to the kindly dark faces who fought with us, faithful and few, Fought with the bravest among us, and drove them, and smote them, and slew, That ever upon the topmost roof our banner in India blew.

Sad expression is given to the bitter truth that even in the case of brave men like these it is what they do and not what they suffer that the world will remember. Their fighting is the smallest of their trials, What wears them is being soldiers by day and sentinels by night-the incessant vigilance necessitated by a continuous series of is (although nothing is really known on | alarms, assaults, bugle warnings, and "ever the point) that possibly further changes the labour of fifty that had to be done by

> Ever the day with its traitorous death from the loophules around. Ever the night with its coffinless corpse to be laid in the ground, Heat like the mouth of a hell, or a deluge of cataract skies.

> Stench of old offal decaying, and infinite turment of flies. Thoughts of the breezes of May blowing over an English field. Cholers, sourvy, and fever, the wound that

would not be heal'd. Lopping away of the limb by the pitifulpitiless knife-Torture and trouble in vain-for it never could save us a life, Valour of delicate women who tended the hospital bed.

Horror of women in traveil among the dying and dead, Grief for our perishing children, and never a moment for grief, Toil and ineffable weariness, fulterir hopes

of relief. But the hour of deliverance is nigh, and

the approach and advent of the Highlanders conclude the poem Hark cannonade, fusillade lis it true what was told by the scont?

Outram and Havelook breaking their way thre' the fell mutineers! Surely the pibroch of Europe is ringing again in our care! All on a sudden the garrison utter a jubilant

Havelock's glorious Highlanders answer with conquering cheers, Forth from their holes and their hidings our women and children come out. Ascends to then and this March morn that Blessing the wholesome white faces of Havelock's good fusileers. Kissing the war-harden'd hand of the Highe lander wet with their teers

Dance to the pibroch !-- saved | we are saved ! -is it you? is it you? Saved by the valour of Havelock; saved by the blessing of Heaven! Hold it for lifteen days!" we have held it for eighty-seven The contingency above mentioned but Dying so English thou wouldst have her fing | And ever aloft on the palace roof the old banner of Rogland blew.

Lets. Pare

POSTAL BATES.

No. 4948.—MAY 17, 1879.]

[Subjoined we give the postal rates now in force for transmission of correspondence to all parts of the world. Detailed rules affecting the transmission of packets, parcels, &c., will be found annexed, together with a number of miscellaneous and useful notices.

Hongkong Rates of Postage

(Revised April 4th, 1879.)

In the following Statements and Tables the Rates are given in cents, and are, for Letters, per half ounce, for Books and Patterns, per two ounces.

Newspapers over four ounces in weight are charged as double, treble, &c., as the case may be, but such papers or packets of papers may be sent at Book Rate. Two Newspapers must not be folded together as one, nor must anything whatever be inserted. except bona fide Supplements. Printed matter may, however, be enclosed, if the whole be paid at Book Rate. Prices Current may be paid either as Newspapers or Books.

Commercial Papers signify such papers 85, though Written by Hand, do not bear the character of an actual or personal correspondence, such as invoices, deeds, copied music, &c. Any of them in a Book Packe expose it to the higher charges stated be

The sender of any Registered Article may accompany it with a Return Receipt on paying an extra fee of 4 cents.

The limit of weight for Books and Commercial Papers to Foreign Post Offices i 4 lbs. Patterns for such offices are limited to 8 ounces, and must not exceed these dimensions: 8 inches by 4 inches by 2 Inches

N.R. means No Registration.

Countries of the Postal Union.

The Union may be taken to comprise Europe, most foreign possessions in Asia Japan, W. Africa, Egypt, Mauritius, N. America, Mexico, Salvador, Chil Peru, The Argentine Republic Trinidad, Guiana, Honduras Jamaica, with all Danish Labuan. Netherlands, Portuguese and French, Bpanish Colonies.

Countries NOT in the Union. - The chief countries not in the Union are the Australasian Group.

Postage to Union Countries.

General Rates, by any route :--B cents per doz. Letters, B cents each. Post Cards, 8 cents. Registration. 2 cents each. Newspapers, 2 cents per 2 oz. Books and Patterns 6 cents per 4 oz. Commercial Papers,

Exceptional rates, to the United Kingdom and Union Countries served through the United Kingdom via Brindisi only:-

Letters. 12 cents per $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. Post Cards. 5-cents each. Registration, 8 cents. 4 cents each. Newspapers, Books and Patterns, 4 cents per 2 oz Commercial Papers, 8 cents per 4 cz.

There is no charge on redirected corre Aspondence within the Postal Union. Postage to Non-Union-Countries.

Aspinwall (N.R.), Babawas, Guatemala (N.R.), Hayti (N.R.), New Granada (N.R.), Panama (N.R.), and Venezuela (N.R.):—

	Via San V Prancisco.		
Letters,	12	30	31
Registration,	None.	8	· 8
Newspapers,	4	4	6
Books & Patter	ns, 6	6	. 8
Bolivia, Con (N.R.), Nicaragu	ta Rica la (N.R.):-	(N.R.),	Ecuador
Letters,		30	34
Newspapers,	4	4	6
Books & Patter	ns. 12	6	8
Registration,	- 8	None.	None.
Hawaiian Ki	ngdom :	, ,	
Letters.	12	12	16
	None.	None.	None
	4*	4	6
Books & Patter	ms, 6*	. 6	8
W. Indies (e	xcept as	above), I	Paraguay
<u> </u>		• 00	0.4
Hawaiian Kir Letters, Registration, Newspapers, Books & Patter	None. 4*	12 None. 4 6	16 None 6 8

to British & Union) West Indies only, Australia, New Zealand, Tasmania, Fiji, Natal, Cape, St. Helena, Ascension. Letters, by Contract Packet 24; by Pri-

Newspapers,

Registration

Books & Patterns. -

wate Ship 12, Registration, 8; Newspapers, 2; Books and Patterns, 4.

* A small extra charge is made on delivery.

Loual and Town Postage.	Letters.	Registration.	Newspapers	Bee & Petus. Per 2 oz.
Within any Town or Settle- ment, or between Hongkong, Canton, and Macao, in either direction,	2	8	2	2
and Japan, Bangkok, Cochin China, Tonquin, and the Philippines, by Private Ship, Between the above by Contract Mail.	4	8	2	2

Any publication fulfilling the conditions hereafter named can pass as a nerspaper,

The conditions are as follows: or of articles relating thereto, or to other | Pattern Post; and a packet containing any

menta, must be printed on a abest or sheets un. unfit for the Post, viz | Metal boxes, porce-

and the whole or part of the title and the date of publication at the top of every subsequent page; and this regulation applies to Tables of Contents and Indices.

or in great part of matter like that of a kinds. newspaper, or of advertisements, printed on a sheet or sheets, or a piece or pieces of paper, unstitched; or wholly or in part of engravings, prints, or lithiographs illustrative of articles in the newspaper. The supplement must in every case be published with the newspaper, and must have the title and date of publication of the newspaper printed at the top of every page; or, if it consists of engravings, prints, or lithographs,

at the top of every sheet or side. . A packet containing two or more newspapers is not chargeable with a higher rate of postage than would be chargeable on a book packet of the same weight.

The postage must be prepaid either by an adhesive stamp, or by the use of a stamped

Every newspaper must be posted either without a cover (in which case it must not be fastened, whether by means of gum, wafer, sealing wax, postage stamp, or otherwise) or in a cover entirely open at both ends, so as to admit of easy removal for examination. If this rule be infringed the newspaper is treated as a letter.

Every newspaper must be so folded, as to admit of the title being readily in-

newspaper or packet of newspapers which contains any enclosure except supplements is charged as a letter, unless the enclosure be such as might be sent at the book rate of postage, and the entire packet be sufficiently prepaid as a book packet, in which case it is allowed to pass.

A newspaper which has any letter, or any communication of the nature of a letter, written in it or upon its cover, is charged as an unpaid or insufficiently paid letter.

No packet of newspapers may be above 5 lbs. in weight, nor above two feet in length, one foot in width, nor one in depth.

A book-packet may contain any number of separate books or other publications (including printed or lithographed letters), photographs (when not on glass or in cases containing glass or any like aubstance), drawings, prints, or maps, and any quantity of paper, or any other substance in ordinary use for writing or printing upon; and the books or other publications, prints, maps, &c., may be either printed, written, enraved, lithographed, or plain, or any mixture of these. Further, all legitimate binding, mounting, or covering of a book, do., or of a portion thereof, is allowed, whether such binding, &c. be loose or attached; as also rollers in the case of prints or maps, markers (whether of paper or otherwise) in the case of books, pens or pencils in the case of pocket-books, &c., and, in short, whatever is necessary for the safe transmission of such articles, or usually appertains thereto; but the binding, rollers, &c. must not be sent as a separate packet.

Circulars, -i.e., letters which are intended for transmission in identical terms to several persons, and the whole or the greater part of which is printed, engraved, or lithographed, -may also be sent by book post.

But a book-packet may not contain any letter, or communication of the nature of a letter (whether separate or otherwise), charged as a letter.

A book-packet may be posted either without a cover (in which case it must not be fastened, whether by means of gum, wafer, sealing wax, p stage stamp, or otherwise) or in a cover entirely open at both ends, so as to admit of the contents being easily withdrawn for examination otherwise it is treated as a letter. For the greater accurity of the contents, however, It may be tied at the ends with string; Postmasters being authorised to cut the string in such caser, although if they do so they must again tie up the packet.

No book-packet may be above 5 lbs. in weight, nor above 24 inches in length, 12 inches in width, or 12 inches in depth, unless it be sent to or from one of the Government offices.

When, owing to a great and unusual influx of letters, books, etc., the transmission or delivery of the letters would be delayed if the whole mail were dealt with without distinction, book-packets may be kept back till the next despatch or delivery.

PATTERNS.

They must not be of intrinsic value. This rule excludes all articles of a saleable nature, and indeed whatever may have a value of its own, apart from its mereuse as a pattern and the quantity of any material sent ostensibly as a pattern must not be so great that it can fairly be considered as having on this ground an intrinsic value.

Pattern and Sample Post to colonies and foreign countries is restricted to bond fide trade patterns or simples of merchandise. Goods sent for sale, or in execution of an order (however small the quantity may be), or any articles sent by one private individual to another, which are not actual patterns or samples, are not admissible.

Patterns or samples, when practicable must be sent in covers open at the ends and in such a manner as to be easy of examination. Samples of seeds, drugs, and such like articles, which cannot be sent in covers of this kind, but such articles only. -may be posted enclosed in boxes, or bags of linen or other material, fastened in such a manner that they may be readily opened: or, in the case of seeds dio., in bags entirely closed, provided such closed bags are transparent, so as to enable the Officers of the Fost Office readily to satisfy themselves as

to the nature of the contents. There must be no writing or printing upon or in any packet except the address of the person for whom it is intended, the address of the sender, a trade mark or number, and the price of the articles.

The rule which forbide the transmission through the Post of any article likely to injure the contents of the Mall Bags or 1st. The publication must consist wholly | Boxes, or the person of any Officer of the by in great part of political or other news, Post Office is, of course, applicable to the surrent topics, with or without advertises thing of the kind will be stopped, and not sent to its destination. Articles such as 2nd. It must be published in numbers at | the following have been occasionally posted Intervals of not more than 31 days, and as Patterns, and have been detained as

3rd. The full title and date of publication | of flowers, cuttings of plants, spurs, knives. must be printed at the top of the first page, scienced, heedles, pink pieces of machinery, sharp pointed instruments, camples of metals, samples of ore, samples in glass bottles, pieces of glass, acids of various kinds, curry combs, copper and steel en-4th. A supplement must consist wholly graving plates, and confectionery of all

> Such articles as scissors, knives, razors forks, steel pens, nails, keys, watch machinery, metal tubing, pieces of metal or ore, provided that they be packed and guarded in so secure a manner as to afford complete protection to the contents of the mail bags and to the Officers of the Post Office, while at the same time they may be easily examined, may be sent as samples. Indigo cannot be sent to any place.

· To provide the greatest possible facilities for posting Correspondence for Europe, do., up to the latest moment before the departure of the French Packets, arrangements have been made for receiving at the Post Office late letters-except those to and through Australia—from 11.10 A.M. to 11.30 A.M. Each letter must bear a late fee of 18 cents extra postage.

A similar supplementary Mail is made up for Shanghai by the English and French Contract Steamers, the late letters being receivedfrom 10° minutes after, up to half an hour after the time of closing. The late fee is also 18 cents.

Miscellaneous Notices.

Local Delivery.

1. All correspondence posted before 5 o.m. on any week day for addresses in Victoria will be delivered the same day, and generally within two hours, unless the delivery should be retarded by the Contract

2. Invitations, &c., can generally be delivered within Victoria at the private houses of the addressees rather than at places of business, if a wish to that effect be expressed by the sender, otherwise all correspondence is invariably delivered at the nearest place of business. (See Postal Guide, par. 103.)

8. Bexholders who desire to send Circulars, Dividend Warrants, Invitations, Cards, &c., all of the same weight, to addresses in Hongkong, Bangkok, or the Ports of China and Japan, may deliver them to the Post Office unstamped, the postage being then charged to the sender's account. Each batch must consist of at least ten.

4. Boxholders may also send Patterns to the same places in the same way. Envelopes containing Patterns may be wholly closed if the nature of the contents be first exhibited or stated to the Postmaster General, as he may consider necessary, and approved by him. Printed Circulars may be inserted in such Pattern Packets.

Local Parcel Post.

1. Small Parcels may be sent by Post between any of the British Post Offices in China or Japan, as well as to Macao, Pakhoi, Singapore, Penang, and Malacca. They must not exceed the following dimensions, 2 feet long, 1 foot broad, 1 foot deep, nor weigh more than 5lbs. The postage will be 20 cents per lb., which will include Registration. The parcels may be wholly closed if they bear this special endorsement, PARCEL, CONTAINING NO LETTER, but any parcel may be opened by direction of the Postmaster General.

2. The following cannot be transmitted unless it be a circular-letter or be wholly | Parcels insufficiently packed or protected, printed; nor any enclosure sealed or in any or liable to be crushed, (as bandboxes, way closed against inspection. If this &c.) Glass, Liquids, Explosive substances, rule be infringed, the entire packet is Matches, Indigo, Dyestuffs, Ice. Meat, Fish, Game, Fruit, Vegetables, or whatever is dangerous to the Mails, or likely to become offensive or injurious in transit.

3. Parcels will as a general rule be forwarded by Frivate Ship, not by Contract Mail Packet. The Post Office reserves the right of selecting the opportunity for transmission, and of delaying delivery in case the number of parcels is such as to retard other correspondence. No responsibility is accepted with regard to any parcel, but the system of Registration will secure the senders against any but a very remote probability of loss.

4. The public are cautioned not to confound these facilities with a Parcel Post to Europe, &c., which does not exist.

Mails exchanged with Manila and Saigon.

The Philippine Islands being now admitted into the General Postal Union, it follows that all paid correspondence received from Manila in the mails will be delivered free by this Office, and that all paid correspondence sent to Manila in the mails should be delivered free there.

Article IX of the Postal Treaty of Berne provides that "Neither the senders nor the addressees of letters and other postal packets shall be called upon to pay, either in the Country of Origin, or in that of Destination, any tax or duty other than the recognised rates levied (in the case of paid correspondence) by the despatching Office. It is hoped that any extra charge, or apparently extra charge, will at once be brought to the notice of the proper authorities, in either Colony.

The above does not apply in any to loose letters sent outside the mails. These will always be charged on arrival in Hongkong and probably the Manila Office will adopt lewellery, even though they be pested the same course.

extra charges on correspondence exchanged registration fee of eightpence in addition to between this Colony and Saigon, but it is | the ordinary postage; and any such letters. believed it would be found in all cases that which cannot be registered in time to be the letters, &c., had been sent loose.

apondence are obliterated in this Office.

Indian Correspondence.

Unpaid Letters are not received for the Indian Mail Packets. The Pre-payment of correspondence for the Straits, India, Ceylon, and Aden is combulsory by whatever opportunity it forwarded.

Registration to Bangkok.

Per Britannic Majesty's Consul General for Siam has been good enough to make arrangements by means of which correspondence can be Registered to Bangkok, at the duties. tisual charge of 8 cents.

Boldiers' and Bailors' Letters. Privates in H. M. Army or Navy, Noncommissioned Officers, Army Schoolmasters (not superintending or First Class) or | follows :--Schoolmistresses may send half-ounce letters to the United Kingdom via Southampton

But not Warrant Officers, vis., Assistant Eprineer, Gunner, Bosiewein, or Carponier,

by British Packet, for one penny; or via; Brindisi by British Packet for three-pence. Hongkong stamps will prepay this class of correspondence exactly the same as Imperial

Soldiera and Sailors' letters are, however charged as ordinary letters if they do not conform to the following regulations: 1. Not to exceed half an ounce. double letters are allowed.

2. If from a Soldier or Sallor, his class or description must be stated in full on the letter, and the commanding Officer must sign his name, with name of Regiment, or Ship, &c., infull.

8. If to a Soldier or Sailor, his class or description must be stated in full, with name of Regiment, or Ship, &c., in full.

Mails for the United Kingdom, &c. French Packet.

Under instructions from the London Post Office, the Mails for the United Kingdom which have hitherto been forwarded via Marseilles, will henceforth be forwarded via Naples, as it is understood that a gain. of twelve hours results from the adoption | purchase Hongkong Postage Stamps from of this route.

As it would be extremely inconvenient to divide the mail, and no practical advantage would result from doing so, all correspondence intended for the United Kingdom by French Packet will be sent via Naples, even though marked via Marseilles.

An impression appears to prevail that correspondence for the Mediterranean stations, Gibraltar, Malta, Cyprus, the Levant Turkey, do., can be forwarded only by British Packet. It can be forwarded also by French Packet, and if so forwarded generally arrives a week earlier than if it had been detained for the British Mail.

The Post Office is not, by law, responsible for any loss or inconvenience which may arise from the non-delivery, mis-sending, or mis-delivery of any letter, book, or other postal packet (even if the packet be gistered), nor is the Post Office responsible for any injury which a packet may sustain

during its transmission. To guard against such injury all postal packets which are likely to suffer from stamping or from great pressure should be placed in strong covers; and even with this precaution no fragile article should be sent through the Post. It should be remembered that every packet has to be handled several times; that it is exposed to considerable pressure and friction in the mail bag; and hat, whenever the bag has in the course of its transmission to be transferred by means of the railway apparatus, the risk of injury is much increased.

No information can be given respecting letters which pass through a Post Office except to the persons to whom they are addressed; and in no other way is official information of a private character allowed to be made public. A Postmaster may, however, give an address if he has no reason to believe that the person whose address it is would disapprove of his doing so.

Postmasters are not allowed to return any etter or other packet to the writer or sender, or to any one clas, or to delay forwarding it to its destination according to the address, even though a request to such effect be written thereon.

Postmasters are not bound to give change, nor are they authorised to demand change and when money is paid at a Post Office, whether as change or otherwise, no question as to its right amount, goodness, or weight can be entertained after it has been removed from the counter.

Postmasters are not bound to weigh any letters or other packets for the public, but they may do so if their duty be not thereby impeded.

The practice of sealing letters passing to and from the East and West Indies, and other countries with hot climates, with wax (except such as is specially prepared), is attended with much inconvenience, and frequently with serious injury, not only to the letters so sealed but to the other letters in the mail, from the melting of the wax and adhesion of the letters to each other. public are therefore recommended, in all aud. cases, to use either wafers or gum, and to advise their correspondents in the countries referred to, to do the same.

The registration of a packet makes its transmission much more secure, insamuch as, under ordinary circumstances, a regiscourse; and thus the loss of a registered packet is a very rate occurrence. Nevertheless large sums of money or other articles of great value should not be sent through the post, even if the packet be registered; as the machinery of the Department is not arranged with a view to such transmission. for the safe delivery of registered packets; advice arrived. though any officer who may neglect his duty on this point will be called to strict account. Sent in unregistered letters, valuable articles are exposed to risk, and offer a temptation which ought not to be created; and the Department cannot in any way undertake the safe conveyance of such packets. All in and or colonial letters, therefore, which contain coin, and all inland letters which contain watches or without registration, are treated as register-Complaints are sometimes received of ed, and charged on delivery with a double forwarded by the Mail for which they are Any Foreign stamps on loose corre- posted are detained for the next despatchi Even if the letter do not contain any article of intrinsic value, it should, if it be very important, be registered.

Most countries to which Hongkong forwards Correspondence baying joined the General Postal Union or being probably about to do so, it is necessary that the following rules be strictly observed.

registered or unregistered, can be received for Postage if it contains gold or silver money, jewels, precious articles, or anything that,

2. This Regulation prohibits the sending of Patterns of dutiable articles, unless the quantity sent be so small as to make the sample of no value.

8. The limits of weight allowed are as

Books and Papers-to British Offic s. 5 lbs, to the Continent, &c., 4 lbs. Patterns-to British Offices, 5 lbs. if without intrinsic value; to the Continent, gr, Pol

PARCELS.—The public is reminded that, there is no such thing as Parcel Post to Europe, &c. Much trouble and disappointment is caused by persistent attempts to send small valuable trifles through the Post. Fans, Curios, Articles of Dress Fancy Work, and similar presents are continually being refused, the senders having often spent more in Postage than would have paid the freight by steamer. No refund can be made on such parcels of the -value of Stamps obliterated before the nature of the contents was discovered.

PATTERNS. -- Some difficulty is experienced in obtaining a general understanding of what is a Pattern. It is a bona fide sample of goods which the sender has for sale, or of goods which he wishes to order. It is to consist of the smallest possible quantity compatible with shewing what the goods are, and must have no intrinsic value.

To provide means of remitting smal sums of money to or from this Colony and between the Ports of China and Japan, the Postmasters and Agents of this Office will in future he allowed (but not required) to foreign residents.

Between Hongkong and Shanghal, or Hongkong and Yokohama, however, in either direction. Money-Orders must be

The Stamps tendered for sale must not exceed \$50 in value, must be perfectly clean, in good condition, and in strips of at least two, as no separate Stamps will be purchased. They must be presented pernonally or accompanied by a note.

The Postmaster or Agent may postpone purchasing if his public funds in hand are not sufficient, and he will refuse to purchase in any case which appears doubtful or He is allowed to charge BUBDICIOUB. Commission of one per cent on all Stamps

Indemnity for the Loss of a Registered Letter

The following Regulations as to the Indemnity to be paid in certain cases on the loss of Registered correspondence have been made by His Excellency the Governor under Ordinance 10 of 1876, Section XII.

The Peat Office is not legally responsible for the safe delivery of Registered correspondence, but henceforth it will be prepared to make good the contents of such correspondence lost while passing through the Post, to the extent of \$10, in certain cases, provided :-

-1. 't hat the sender duly observed all the conditions of Registration require. 2. That the letter was securely enclosed

in a reasonably strong envelope. 3. That application was made to the Postmaster General of Hongkong mediately the loss was discovered, envelope being invariably forwarded with such application unless it also is lost.

4. That the Postmaster General is satisfied that the loss occurred whilst the correspondence was in the custody of the British Postal administration in China, that it was not caused by any fault on the part of the sender, by destruction by fire, or shipwreck, nor by the dishonesty or negligence of any person not in the employment of the Hongkong Post Office.

5. No compensation can be paid for mere damage to tragile articles such as portraits, watches, handsomely bound books, &c., which reach their destination, although in broken or deteriorated condition.

Money Order Regulations.

1. Money Orders on the United Kingdom and the Straits Settlements are issued at Hongkong, Shanghai and Yokohama. Shanghai and Yokohama also issue on

Hongkong and vice versa. 2.—Small sums may be remitted between the other Ports by means of Postage

3.—Many Money Orders are supplied to residents at the smaller Ports in this way. An application for an order* is filled up, and is enclosed with a stamped, directed and unscaled envelope to the Postmaster at the nearest issuing office. The application must be accompanied with the full amount (including commission) in cheque, postage stamps, or other equivalent of cash, and a Elizabeth little margin should be left for variations of exchange. The Postmaster issues the order, sends it on in the envelope, and returns the change, if any, by first opportunity, with a receipt for the letter, if it tered packet can be traced through its whole | were to be registered, as it always should be. Care should be taken to send these applications in time, as the Money Order Offices close some hours before the depar-

tures of the mails. 4.-No order must exceed £10, or include any fraction of a penny. Orders will be drawn at the current rate of the dayt By law, the Post Office is not re ponsible and paid at the rate of the day when the Hakon Adel-

The commission is as follows :-

Orders on the United Kingdom. - Up to £2..... 18 cents. £5......... 36 🦏 £7..... 54 ,,

Local Money Orders (including Straits Settlements).

5.—Lists of Money Order Offices in the United Kingdom may be consulted at Hongkong, Shanghai, an 1 Yokohama. 6 -Names must be given in full (except when there is more than one Christian name) but the name of the Payee need not be given if the order be crossed (as cheques are crossed). It can then be paid only through a Bank, and may afterwards be specially crossed to any Bank.

7,-No order can be paid till the Payee have signed it in the proper place. An order can be transferred to another office on payment of an additional commission. In case of loss of an order, necessity for stopping payment, or the like, application 1. No Letter or Packet, whether to be should be made to the nearest Money Order Office for instructions.

8. If the order be not presented within Figure. six months an additional commission will Gazzetta del Villaggio. as a general rule, is liable to Customs be charged; if not within twelve months, Germania. the money will be forfeited. When the Herts and Essex Observer. order is once paid no further claim can be entertained.

9,-No order can be paid until the advice relative to it has been received.

Made out on a printed form which is supplied Nairnshire Telegraph.

Local Orders on Shanghai are drawn at 2 per cent, premium in all cases. A fixed dol. Perseveranza. lar rate for drawing on the United Kings Preis Courant (Louis Mulist) dom is in force at thanghai,

POST OFFICE NOTICE.

Unclaimed Correspondence, May 15, 1879.

1 regd.Littledale, Lt. 12 Aky Mypan Lobo, Conceigao 1 Amicable Ins. Lone. J. Appelstedt, -... 1 card Long Sing & Co. 2 Lopez, Maria Arias: Aurelio de 1 regd.Loring, Col. H.S. 1 1 regd Loring, Mrs H.S. 1 Lowe, S. S. 2 l regd.Lumstom, W. 1 Madge, J. l Marsdeen, Capt. 1 Benton, C. J. McLachlan, Mrs 1 Blenkinsep, R., 1 Moll, Monar. Engineer Munves, George 1 4 Blyth, Messrs D. 1 Murlow, Rev. J. 1 Braga, Joaquim) Murphy, Rev. 1 Souza de Murray, John Brooke, J. H. Newton, G. B. 1 Brown, Mrs Pallatsek, Adolph 1 Browns, T. & Penman, H. Jno. 1 Brother Peru Consul, del 1. 1 Bulkley, Geo. E. 1 Petrich Martin 1 Caberland. card Roberts, P. Richmond Robertson, Henry I Campbell, Au-Robinson gustus A. regd. Master H. Chung, Ayan Scott, F. J. 2 (1 rg. Christiansen. Showe, Chas. A. 1 Christo, M. S. M. B. Sig. 271 184. Clark, Capt. Sing Hong Hong I di Smith, Robert & 1.3. Wesly 1 Stout, M. Clifton, Mrs Stry, Kenhoben Colver, Mr. Concord, John P. 1 Sun Chong Wah 1 regd. Cook, Henry Sun Sien Wo 1 regd. Coran, Adwans Sutherland, S. F. 1 Swmn, Lt. J. C. 2 Davis, Quintin Swayne, Wm; W. 1 Taylor, Wm. Kerr 8 Dobbelstein, H Thomas, James 1 Fenno, Chas. W. : (Carpenter) Fox, Madame Thomson, N. French, G. Tochler, Geo. Graham, D. — Ton, Jib Graziano, Conte 1 Trannack, Rev. A. A. Grunberg, M. Twining, E. A. Hämmell, Alfred I Van Dyke, Mrs D.5 / 1 Hansen, Oscar Walker & Co. Hawkins, Messre Capt. Geo. Wan Yun Sui Hemert, L.P.A.J.1 Hemswarth, G. Weiss, Otto Herbert, Lieut. Weshs, Coffin D. Sra Hilton, Geo. Wheeler, H. R. Hine, Rev. Hordern, A. Wilson, Charles Irvine, Miss Wilson, Mrs J.M. 1 Won Chung 1 1 regd. Fanny Norllerge, Lt. Jennet, Chas. Johnston, & Co. 1 Wolseley, Sir Jvir, Moner Chas. Bart. Kong Yuew Long 1 Yriarte, Apolinario1 Kuper, G. Yuew Tong Hook 1 Lemmuk, F. A. libyser, Y

For Merchant Ships.

J. A. Briggs Jan Peter Janet ${f Alice C. Pickenson 1}$ Jessie Jamieson A. M. Simpson Kvik 🗀 Amethyst Amy Turner Kwang Hoi Armistisces -Young, s.s. B. F. Watson Large Benjamin Aymanl Laurel -Black Watch 3 Lortai Blaukenese Lota Blenheim Louise Madura Carricks -Megdala Maid of Judah 8(1rg.) 2 Carrick Castle Месса, в.в. Carry Wyman Celestial, s.s. 1 Mercury Miako Chamron Kamrai 1 Min y don City of San-"Monetatiago, B.S. Monte Rosa Nardoo Nehemiah Gibson1 Northern Star Olaf, (8.) Pallas Craigard 3 (3rg.)Phillippiness 4 2 Pysh Pekhett, s.s.1 Drumclog Earl of Devon 4 (1 rg.) 1 Rifleman Roderick Hay R. M. Hayward 1 Silver Eagle 1rg. 3 Southesk Ella Beatrice Stonewall Fei Hu, s.s. Jackson Strathbyok Strathmore, s.s. 1 1 2 (1rg.) Strathmore St. Mark, s.s. . Sydenlism Syria, s.e. G. C. Trufant Taunton' Glamis ' 2 Thomas Fletcher 1 Glamorganshire 2 Tintern Abbey Golden Rule 1 regd. Tyburnia Undine stein. B.S. 2 Vigilant Hawkesbury Walifen Hawthorn Wanderer, s.s. Hazelhurst Heleng Whale William Manson 1 Herat Hilbernia. 1 W. E. G. Gladstone 4 (Lig) 1 Hotspur

For H. M. Ships, &c.

Ardrossan and Saltcoats Herald. Central Blatt. Christian Age. Church Times Creselder Zeitung. Daily Telegraph. Deutscher Reiths-Ungeiger. Dundee Advertiser Hobos Brems (Russian). Journal de Gaud. Lloyds Weekly London Newspaper. Missioni Cattoliche. Montage Zeitung. National Zeitung.

Merchant Vessels in Hongkong Harbour.	HONGKONG MARKET PRICES. Corrected to Saturday, May 17th, 1879.	Salmon, Canton, catty 110 100 年 ,, Salt water, . ,, 160 - 馬友魚
Exclusive of late Arrivals and Departures reported to-day.	At 1100 Cash per Dollar Mexican, Paicz. Highest. Lowest. Chinese Names. Gash. Cash.	Salt Fish, 120 90 成焦
To facilitate finding the position of any vessel in the Harbour, the Anchorage is divided into eight Sections, commencing at Green Island. Vessels near the Hongkong shore are marked h ., near the Kowloong shore k ., and those in the body of the	Butcher Meat. 内食	Shrimps, 70 60 43
Shipping or midway between each shore are marked c., in conjunction with the figures denoting the sections. Section. Section. 5. From P. and O. Co.'s Office to Peddar's Whari.	Bacon, English, 1b. 450 400 來路烟猪肉,	Snipe Flah, 80 70 沙頸魚
2. From Gas Works to the Novelty Iron Works. 3. From Novelty Iron Works to the Harbour Master's Office. 4. From Harbour Master's to the P. and O. Co.'s Office. 5. From Peddar's Wharf to the Naval Yard. 7. From Naval Yard to the Pier. 8. From Pier to East Point.	Beef, sirloin and prime out, cy. 170 160 尾龍扒	Tench, 120 110 健康
Vessel's Name.	Beef Corned, catty 140 130 颇牛肉	Turbot,
Steamers 7	,, Soup, 90 80 場內	Whiting, ,, 80 70 由途
Alaska	Bullocks' Brains, per set 50 40 牛脑	Aleurites, casty 40 30 石栗
Bombay	,, Tongue, fresh, each 300 270 牛脚, corned,, 300 2.0 域牛脚	Apples, California, , , 600 350 舊金山平第 Bananas, fragrant, Canton, 30 25 岩城远着
City of Tokio	Head, , 750 700 牛頭 ——————————————————————————————————	" " Manila " 60 50 呂宋沙香蕉
Fame	Hump, Salt . catty 180 120 牛肩	Citron,
Gwallor	,, Kidneys, ,, 60 50 牛腰	Coccanuta
Killarney	,, Tail, , 100 90 午尾 ,, Liver, catty 80 70 牛肝	Dates; bottle 500 400 洋猴 Figs, Dried, box 750 — 無花菓飲
Octava 5 c Hansen Ger. str. 936 May 14 Soey Shing Salgon 23rd inst. Pernambnoo 4 c Hyde Brit. str. 742 May 17 Melchers & Co. Salgon Salgon Baint Mark 5 c Johnson Brit. str. 1098 May 16 Meyer & Co. Salgon	Calves' Head and Feet, set 600 500 牛仔頭脚	Guava, catty 80 — 符石相 Lemons, Chins, 90 80 熔線
Sunda	Hame, American, . 1b. 820 800 花旗火腿 Chinese. 250 220 全華火腿	Licheen, 50 40 荔枝
Venice	English 380 350 次路水服	Limes, Saigon, 100 90 安南梅檬
Abbie N. Franklin 4 k Howes Amer. bqs. 460 Mar. 6 Captain	. Leg,	Loong Ngan, Dried, , , 400 800 程限度 Loquat, , 40 80 度格
Advance	,, Shoulder, , 130 120 羊手 Pige' Chitlings, eatty 70 60 猪臟	Mangosteen, Singapore, each 80 25 川竹子 Mangoes, Manile, each 100_90 未呂芒菓
Alice C. Dickerman 3 c Bugant Am. 3m. so 501 May 15 Order Annie W. Weston 3 c Winsor Amer. bge. 740 April 23 Order	"Freet, "110 100 猪脚 "Fry, "120 110 猪雞	Olives, green, catty 40 80 青白檀
Beethoven	, Heart, each 60 50 猪似	Oranges, (Coolle) Canton, 60 50 省城档 ,, Dark Skinned, ,, 100 90 山倉村
Cilurnum	, Kidneys, 90 80 猪腰 , Liver, 1b. — 120 110 猪肝	, Sweet (Sun-wooy), 150 - 新會甜橙
Edward May	Pork, Chop, 150 140 猪牌骨	Peach, 50 40 木瓜 Peach, 50 40 杉
Gauntlet	,, Corned, ,, 140 180 歐猪內 ,, Leg, ,, 150 140 猪肌	Pears, Tientain, , 120 110 天津雪梨 . , Nanking, , 100 80 南京雪梨
Hattle E. Tapley 8 c Tapley Amer. sh. 1946 April 25 Adamson, Bell & Co. Haze	", Fat of Land, ", 110 100 猪油 Sheeps' Head, and Feet, not 450-400 羊頭脚	Pine-apples, Singapore, each 100 80 星梁波波建
Hermine	, Heart, such 50 40 羊心 , Kidneys, , 70 60 羊腰	Plantains, common catty 30 20 大葉 Plums, 40 30 栋
John R. Stanhope 2 c Pillsbury Amer. bqe. 407 May 5 Arnhold, Karberg & Co. Juliane	,, Liver, , , 140 180 羊肝	Frunes, Dried, bottle 300 250
Memnon	Euet, Beef,). 1b. 120 — 4-17	Pumelo, Oblong, each 80 60 陽額构 karaina, Muscatel, bottle 800 600 珠提乾
Patria	,, Mutton, ,, 120 110 生羊油 Sweet Bread, catty 130 120 牛核	Strawberry, Chinese . catty 50 40 楊梅 Sugar Cane, stick 40 — 白蔗
Queen of India	Veal, 140 180 牛仔肉	Tamarinda, catty 60 50 段子 Walnuts, 100 90 校林
Vesuvius 4 c Cull Amer, bqe. 813 April 28 Russell & Co. Young Siam 2 c Benadictsen Siam, sh. 701 May 9 Kin Tye Loong Zouave Amer. sh. 1202 April 25 Captain	Capons, catty 250 200 鐵鷄	Vegetables,
WHAMPOA	Doves, each 110 100 班場	Artichokes, Shanghai, catty 60 50 分析 Asparagua, tin 450 400 辛克经本
Anna Bertha	Eggs, Hen dor, 100 — 编蛋- Fowls, catty 180 170 编	Beans, sprout, catty 20 15 芽菜
CANTON Liuge	Geese, 120 110	,, Long, Dolichos, ,, 60 50 豆角
Fuyew	Pigeons, each 140 180 巨高	Brassica, 20 15 白菜
Men-of-war in Hongkong Harbour.	Quail, 120 110 鶴鶉 Rabbits, live, Canton , 700 600 省城家兎	Brinjals, catty 20 — 紅茄 Cabbage, Macao each 120 60 澳門椰菜
Vessel's Name. Anchorage. Flag. Class. Tons. Guns. H. P. Date of Arrival. Commander.	Snipe, each 110 100 少道 Turkeys, Cock, . catty 500 450 火鶏公	"Turnip (Bohl) " 20 15 芥蘭頭 Carrots, (Canton) catty 40 30 金筍
Cyclop K. D. German gunboat 480 400 6 80 April 22 4800 Von Schuckmann Paschen Leipzig 7 c German frigate 4000 11 4800 May 13 Paschen	,, Hen, ,, 350 300 火鷄峻	Celery, Chinese, 40 — 本地芹菜 Celery, English, 70 60 來路芹菜
Marquez del Duero 6 h Spanish gunboat	Bombay Ducks, per hundred 220 200 出色的	Callier, Dried, 100 80 辣椒乾
Mosquito	Bream, cetty 100 90	Oucumbers, 20 15 黄瓜
Sheldrake	Carp, 80 70 鯉魚 Catfish, 60 60 赤魚	Curry Stuff, English, , 60 50 加里材料 Egg Piant, 20 一 矮瓜
HONGKONG, MACAO AND CANTON RIVER OHINESE GUN-VESSELS IN CANTON	Crabs, Balt,	Ginger, 40 35 位 以 Gourd, snake 40 80 流
STEAMERS. WATERS, &c.	Cuttle Flah, 90 80 墨魚 Dace, 90 80 黃尾鰶	Green Pens, young , , 60 — 荷蘭豆 , , old , , 80 70 老荷豆
Name. Tons. Captain. Owners. Name. Tons. Guns. H. P. Commander. An-lan 221 7 70 J. Godsil	Dog Fish, 70. 60 跌倒沙	Green Sprouts
Fatchoy 153 Coulsen G. McBain Chen-jui 80 8 20 A. Walker Ching-on 150 Benning T H O & M S. boot Co. Ching-on 120 2 40 Chings Admiral	"Fresh water " 110 100 淡水館	Lettuce, Chinese catty 25 20 唐人生茶
Kiu Kiang 617 H., C. & M. S. boat Co. Ching-po 180 6 60 Chun II Hu	Fresh Fish, Large . ,, 160 — 大鮮魚	Maiz, Green corn, head 20 — 聚光
Sir J. Jeejeebhoy 184 Hwok Acheong Peng-chou-hai 600 4 120 C. H. Palmer 140 Hoyland H., C. & M. S. boat Co. Quang-on 120 4 40 Li Ping Tye		Mint, bunch 10 — 两荷 Unions, Bombay 100 60 洋葱頭
White Cloud 280 Cary H., C. & M. S. boat Co. Sui-taing 160 4 60 J. Calder Yotsal 180 Kwok Asheong Tching-taing 180 6 60 Beasard	Gudgeon, , , 110 100 白蛤魚	,, Green , 20 15 生态. Paraley, Onineso, . , 40 - 芫荽
	Haddock, , 100 90 黄花	"English, bunch 10 5 洋元宴
FCOCHOW SHIPPING IN PORT. MERCHANT STEAMER. Hiroshima Maru Japanese Hilda H. Upmann for Ningpo	moked box \$1.00 - 規資溫 King Crab, each 180 - 學	" Macao, " 80 25 溴門基仔
Bracinar Castle for London Kinng-ching Chinese Kolga British barque	Live Fish,	Pumpkin, Geen,
Gleneagles for London MERCHANT SAILING VESSELS. Klang-tung Chinese Chinese Chinese Peiko German barque		Radishes, White,, 40 80 白蘿蔔仔
Forward Ho for Shanghai Orestes British Queen of the West British barque Orises British Quickstep American schoones	, Red , 100 90 骶魚紅 Parrot Fish, , 120 110 鵵公魚	Scallions, catty 25 20 追染
SHIPPING IN SHANGHAI HARBOUR. Pekin Pekin Pingion British British British Therese Behn German barous	Perch, 80 70 1100	Sesamum, 80 70 日芝麻 Shalots, 80 - 乾怒, Spinach, 15 - 夏桑
Agamenton British Yehsin Yungching W. U. de Vries British Chinese Uhinese	Plaice, 80 -70 花玻璃	Bquash, bottle . , 20 15 崗胡
Chinese Chinese Marchant salling vessels. Chinese Marchant salling vessels. Growler H. M. gunboat Best-ica	Pomfret, Black , 110 100 黑鶴	,, bitter , ,, 40 80 岩瓜 ,, hairy 40 80 節瓜
Chinese Chinese C. B. Kenney American barque Magnie H. M. gunboat O. B. Kenney American barque Magnie H. M. con-clad	Rey,	Tomatoes,
Herman German barque Monocacy U. S. corvette Hollowsen for London Palos U. S. ganboos	Rock Flah, 100 90 石和公	G. ORLEY, impostor of Markets.
bines left post, or arrived at Hongkong. Historians British brig Vigilans . H. M. despersons	Shart pound	Printed and published by Gao, MURRAY BAIR, at the China Med Office, No. 2, Wyndhem Street, Hongkopp.